

February 2016

Nevada Supreme Court's Committee to Study Evidence-based Pretrial Release

Opportunities for Evidence-based Technical Assistance

Deliberative and Pre-decisional

Diagnostic Center Background

The Office of Justice Programs (OJP) established the Diagnostic Center in 2012 for the purpose of assisting community leaders seeking to implement data-driven interventions to address public safety, juvenile justice, criminal justice, and crime victim services issues.

Diagnostic Center engagements address a particular public safety concern of the client community, but interaction with the Diagnostic Center is intended to build community capacity to use data to make evidence-based decisions (current and future) about criminal justice and public safety.

Office of Justice Programs (OJP)

Mission: OJP provides innovative leadership to federal, state, local and tribal justice systems, by disseminating state-of-the art knowledge and practices across America, and providing grants for the implementation of these crime fighting strategies. OJP works in partnership with the justice community to identify the most pressing crime-related challenges confronting the justice system and to provide information, training, coordination, and innovative strategies and approaches for addressing these challenges.

Source: http://ojp.gov/about/about.htm

Office of the Assistant Attorney General (OAAG)

Mission: OAAG is a component agency of OJP and is headed by Assistant Attorney General Karol Mason. Ms. Mason leads OAAG in supporting state, local and tribal criminal justice agencies; juvenile justice programs; a wide range of research, evaluation and statistical efforts; and comprehensive services for crime victims.

Source: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/about/leadership_kmason.htm





The Diagnostic Center is driving change in criminal justice, juvenile justice and victim services systems across the country

Current Nevada Engagement Topics:

- Clark County Blue Ribbon for Kids Commission: Child Welfare Reform
- Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department (LVMPD) and Clark County Detention Center (CCDC): Inmate Population Management

Corrections

Courts and

Justice

System

State Engagement **City/County Engagement** Tribal Engagement City of Seattle Red Lake Band of Washington Chippewa Indians County State of Oregon City of City of Flint Minneapol Middleser City of County ╈ Eastern Shoshone Tribe Niagara Falls TCity of Town of Manchester University 🗯 Northern Arapaho Tribe Albert Lea of Michigan Cure State of + City of Town of East Haven Violence California Wilkes-Barre City of State of City of 📜 Nevada Rockford City of Youngstown Gan **District** of Columbia * City of Charlottesville & 🚖 Clark County Albemarle County Metro East Police District Commission Blue Ribbon for Kids Commission (MEPDC): Villages of Alorton, Brooklyn City of and Washington Park; City of East St. Louis Tity of Durham City of Fayetteville Macon-Bibb County City of Fort Myers City of Fort State of Alaska Lauderdale Drugs and Crime Youth Victim Substance Triba Enforcement Prevention Advocacy Advocacv Abuse Justice

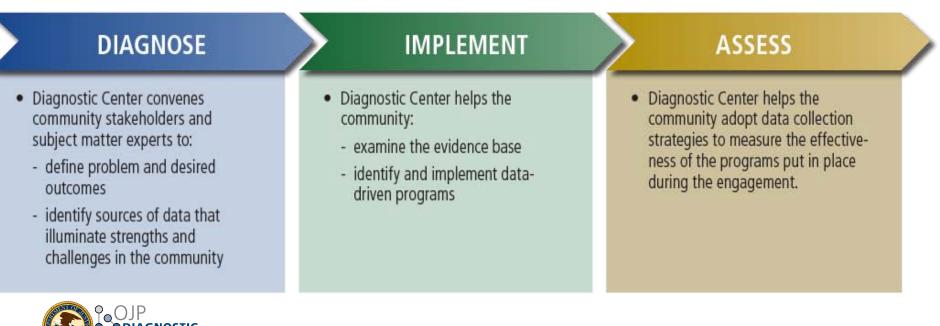
Per the preface disclaimer, points of view or opinions in this document do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the U.S. Department of Justice.

OJP Diagnostic Center Community Engagements

The Diagnostic Center's defining characteristic is its data-driven approach to tackling persistent public safety challenges

Founded on a practice-based research model, the Diagnostic Center utilizes criminal justice research, program evaluations, local data and collaborative partnerships to assist communities.

The Diagnostic Center applies a three-phased process – **Diagnose, Implement and Assess** – for providing assistance to communities. This approach enables the Diagnostic Center to identify the factors contributing to criminal justice challenges and align them to strategies and solutions that have demonstrated success in addressing similar challenges.



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Data-Driven Justice Solution

The LVMPD requested technical assistance to manage Clark County's inmate population in order to minimize overcrowding

Overview of the Request from the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

- The CCDC has experienced an increase in its average daily inmate population and average length of stay, thereby exceeding its current operational capacity and posing a safety issue for inmates and staff.
- The LVMPD seeks technical assistance (TA) to improve inmate population management through the evaluation of the inmate classification system and the exploration of pretrial analysis framework, while leveraging existing reentry and social service programs to reduce recidivism.





Basic Stats:*

- CCDC's detention population as of December 31, 2015 is 3,517
- 83 percent of the current population is male, 39 percent African-American and 37 percent white

Legal Status	Inmate	%
Pretrial	2,575	73%
Ineligible for Bail	1,166	33%
Sentenced - Local	812	23%
Sentenced - State	112	3%
Other	18	1%





*Source: Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

The Diagnostic Center developed preliminary recommendations for consideration by LVMPD and Clark County stakeholders

The Diagnostic Center conducted interviews and collected data to develop a baseline understanding of factors contributing to increases the jail population.

Stakeholder Interviews:

- Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department and Detention Services Division
- House Arrest Program
- Clark County Manager's Office
- Clark County Public Defender's Office
- Office of the Clark County District Attorney
- Las Vegas Justice Court and Pretrial Services
- Clark County District Court
- Nevada Department of Corrections
- Department of Public Safety: Parole and Probation
- North Las Vegas Police Department
- Henderson Police Department

Data Sources:

- Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department and Detention Services Division
- Las Vegas Justice Court
- Clark County District Court
- Relevant national trends and evidence-based practices

Preliminary Recommendations

- 1. Establish and formalize a Criminal Justice Coordinating Council structure
- Evaluate and expand alternatives to detention (e.g., specialty courts and house arrest program)
- 3. Identify opportunities to improve court case processing
- 4. Implement an evidence-based pretrial risk management system

Sample Pretrial Risk Assessment (PRA) Instrument

PRETRIAL RISK ASSESSMENT (PRA)]				
ame:						
ace:	Zip	Ĭ		FOLLO	W-UP DATA	Draft
SCORING ITEMS	SCORE		Booking Date:/	/ R	elease Date:/	_/ ``
1. Does Defendant Have a Pre-Existing Pending Criminal Case at Booking?			Method of Release:	Cash Bail	Surety Bond	_Court OR
a. Yes 3 pts. b. No- 0 pts. 2. Age at First Arrest First Arrest Date//	87 00000000 0000		Other Release Method:			
a. Under age 21 yrs. 2 pts.						
b. 22-35 yrs. 1pts. c. 36 Plus. 0 pts.	3 <u>32600 - 100</u> 53		Was Defendant Re-Arrest	ed Prior to Court Dispo	osition?Yes	No
 Prior Misdemeanor Arrests Total # Misd Arrests: Total # Misd Convict: 			If Yes, Date of Re-Arres	st//	Most Serious Charge	
a. Two or less- 0 pts. b. 3-5 - 1 pt.			Did Defendant FTA and H	ave a Warrant Issued?	Yes No	
c. 6 plus – 2 pts.	0.000					
 Prior Felony Arrests Total # Felony Arrests: Total # Felony Convict: a. None or One - 0 pts. 			If Yes, date of FTA	//		
 b. 2 · 4 - 1 pt. c. 5 plus - 2 pts. 	3 31-11-112 2		Was Defendant Re-Booke	d to Jail? Yes	No	
 S pius - 2 pts. Prior Arrests - Violence: Total # Arrests Total # Convict: 			If Yes, date of Re-Booki	ing / /		
a. None - 0 pts			II Tes, date of he book	шь///		
 b. 1 or more - 2 pts 6. Prior FTAs Past 24 Months Date of last FTA Warrant: / / 				Final Cour	t Dispositions:	
a. None – 0 pts.				That Cour	t Dispositions.	
 b. 1 FTA Warrant – 1 pt. c. 2 or more FTA Warrants – 2 pts. 	20 20-000 -000		Charge	Disposition Date	Disposition	Sentence Length
7. Employment Status at Arrest List Employer:			1	Date		
 a. Employed Full Time or FT Student or Retired – 0 pts. b. Employed Part-Time (LT 30 hours) – 1 pt. 	77 <u>71-00</u> 0057					
c. Unemployed – 2 pts. 8. Residential Status Date of Residency://			2			
a. Living in current residence 6 mos. or longer - 0 pts.			3			
 b. Not lived in same residence 6 mos. or longer - 1 pt. c. Homeless - 3 pts. 	(4			
c. Homeless – 3 pts. 9. Substance Abuse			4			
a. No evidence of drug abuse/alcoholism – 0 pts			5			
b. Prior multiple arrests for drug possession/alcohol/drunkenness - 1 pt.	21 <u></u> 2			8		
Total Score:		L L				
Risk Level: (Circle One): 0-3 pts. LOW 4 – 6 pts. MODERATE 7+ pts. H Over-Ride?YesNo Over Ride Reason(s):Mental HealthDisabilityGang MemberFligh Other Reason:						
Final Recommended Risk Level; LOWMODERATE HI	GHER					

Pretrial Risk Assessment (PRA) Pilot Study: Proposed Task and Preliminary Timeline

February 2016 March, 2016 April, 2016 May, 2016 Authorization Identification of Key Personnel Mid-March Check-In Check May, 2016 Committee Participating pilot agencies provide Diagnostic Center points Mid-March Check-In Check May, 2016 Diagnostic of contact for data collection and further evaluation. Mid-March Check-In Check May, 2016 May, 2016 May 2: NPRA Participating pilot agencies of contact for data collection and further evaluation. March 1: Data Collection Participating pilot agencies of released defendants from three counties April 4: Submission of Completed Data forms May 2: NPRA Implementation Gilout implementation of the pretrial assessment tool. Identification of Key Stakeholders and Participating Agencies 500 sample for Clark County - Completed data forms - Completed preliminary analysis NPRA Implementation - So0 sample for Washoe County - So0 sample for third county (TBD) - Completed preliminary analysis - Reliable checks NPRA	Activities by Responsible Party OJP Diagnostic Center NV Supreme Court Committee County-level Agency February 12: Presentation to Nevada Supreme Court's Committee to Study Evidence- based Pretrial Release Convene key stakeholders to discuss Diagnostic Center TA support to LVMPD and next steps.	March 1: Pilot Test and Finalize Prototype PRA Data Form Develop and distribute finalized data form/spreadsheets to participating counties for data collection.	April 4: Completed Data Forms Collate data forms and spreadsheets for statistical analysis.	April 15: Validation Analysis Conduct series of quantitative analyses and finalize instrument with instructions manual.	April 18: Present Results to Nevada Supreme Court's Committee to Study Evidence-based Pretrial Release Provide instrument validation results, recommend implementation plan including training and follow-up analysis.
	February 2016: Authorization to Proceed Committee provides Diagnostic Center authorization for Pilot Study. Identification of Key Stakeholders and Participating	Key Personnel Mid-March agencies progress on collection and identify any March 1: Data Collection Participating pilot agencies draw random samples of released defendants from three counties 500 sample for Clark County 500 sample for Washoe County	Check-In Check data collection, challenges. April 4: Submission Data Forms Particip submit the required Completed data f Formatted spread Completed prelin	n of Completed in bating agencies documents: forms dsheet	May 2: NPRA Implementation Rollout implementation of the pretrial assessment tool. NPRA Implementation Provide ongoing evaluation and

The OJP Diagnostic Center

Contact Information for the OJP Diagnostic Center





Key Data Elements – CCDC Population Snapshot (December 31, 2015)

Attribute	Inmates	%
Total Inmates	3,517	100%
Gender		
Male	2,913	83%
Female	604	17%
Race		
White	1,312	37%
Black	1,358	39%
Hispanic	691	20%
Asian	133	4%
Other	23	1%
Gang Member	537	15%
Legal Status		
Pretrial	2,575	73%
No Bail	1,166	33%
Sentenced - Local	812	23%
Sentenced - State	112	3%
Not In Custody	18	1%
Residence		
Nevada	3,305	94%
California	103	3%
Other	109	3%
LOS To Date In Days		
7 days or less	443	13%
8-30 days	805	23%
31-90 days	993	28%
91-180 days	625	18%
181-365 days	337	10%
366+ days	314	9%

Attribute	Inmates	%
Prior Bookings		
None	666	19%
1	548	16%
2	374	11%
3 to 5	741	21%
6 +	1,159	33%

Type of Crime	Inmates	%
Crime Category		
Crimes against person	1,156	33%
Crimes against property	750	21%
Warrants or other holds	586	17%
Controlled substances crimes	351	10%
Traffic, vehicle and watercraft	223	6%
Miscellaneous crimes	152	4%
Crimes against public decency	105	3%
Crimes against public health, safety and welfare	100	3%
Crimes relating to the judiciary	94	3%
Class Level		
A	308	9%
В	1,142	32%
C	239	7%
D	113	3%
ш	66	2%
Gross Misdemeanor	254	7%
Misdemeanor	702	20%
Warrant	568	16%
Unknown	121	3%



Las Vegas Justice Court Administration

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February 11, 2016

Dear Justice Hardesty:

Below is a summary of recommendations from The Las Vegas Justice Court (LVJC) with regards to the Committee to Study Evidence-Based Pretrial Release risk assessment tool and accompanying software. We are pleased to be a pilot site for the new risk assessment tool. LVJC has four people on the Statewide Committee: Chief Judge Joe Bonaventure, Judge Melissa Saragosa, Judge Bita Yeager and Ms. Anna Vasquez.

Flow of Pre-Trial Operations

LVJC will complete paperwork within 24 hours. The Clark County District Attorney's Office currently files complaints within 72 hours.

Supervision

LVJC only has Intensive Supervision. This consists of defendants checking in on a regular interval to a biometric hand scanner that is currently located outside the Pre-Trial offices inside the Regional Justice Center. LVJC is also installing another biometric hand scanner in the jail. LVJC does not have Supervision Officers in any capacity. If any type of person to person supervision will be recommended, LVJC would need additional staffing resources.

Risk Assessment Tools

LVJC is recommending the Nevada Standardized Pretrial Risk Assessment tool that is to be created by Dr. James Austin, JFA Institute. Dr. Austin is currently working in conjunction with the Department of Justice (DOJ), Office of Justice Programs (OJP) on a project with the Las Vegas Metro Police Department (LVMPD) and the Clark County Detention Center (CCDC). The OJP has been engaged for approximately a year in developing evidence or practice-based solutions and model practices that address the factors contributing to the public safety challenges identified. One of their recommendations is to adopt an evidence based risk assessment tool. LVJC believes that we would benefit from the customization that Dr. Austin would incorporate into the tool. LVJC agrees that an interview can be an important component of a risk assessment tool but suggests a stepped approach. The first tier would consist of noninterview factors such as criminal history, prior FTAs, charge, etc. If the defendant reached a certain amount of points, they would continue on to the interview portion of the tool. This



approach would decrease the amount of time staff would spend on assessments for low risk defendants. LVJC Pre-Trial will be providing a criminal history synopsis in the Assessment report.

We met with Dr. Emily Salisbury from UNLV. Dr. Salisbury authored a pre-trial screening tool for female defendants. LVJC would like for the chosen risk assessment to use this tool or incorporate it into the customized tool Dr. Austin will be creating.

Software

LVJC is recommending that each court use its existing software to measure data and reporting capabilities during the pilot period. This would be a relatively low cost option for each court while piloting the project. Once the pilot project is complete, each court can report to the committee the pros and cons of their software. This would help in determining if Nevada should go with one of the pilot courts software programs or a completely new platform.

Thank you for all your support.

Sincerely,

Anna M. Vasquez Division Administrator