

Supreme Court of Nevada
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

ROBIN SWEET
Director and
State Court Administrator



JOHN MCCORMICK
Assistant Court Administrator
Judicial Programs and Services

RICHARD A. STEFANI
Deputy Director
Information Technology

MEETING NOTICE AND AGENDA
Committee to Study Evidence-Based Pretrial Release
VIDEOCONFERENCE

Date and Time of Meeting: Monday, August 8, 2016 @ 4:00 p.m.

Place of Meeting:

Carson City	Las Vegas
Supreme Court Law Library Room 107 201 S. Carson Street Carson City, Nevada	Regional Justice Center Supreme Court Courtroom 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada
Teleconference Access: 1-877-336-1829, passcode 2469586	

AGENDA

- I. Call to Order
 - a. Call of Roll
 - b. Approval of 7-13-16 Meeting Summary* (**Tab 1**)
 - c. Opening Remarks
 - d. Public Comment

- II. Risk Level Supervision Conditions - *Mr. Joel Bishop, Mesa County Criminal Justice Services Department* (**Tab 2**)
 - a. Adoption of supervision categories for pilot site program*

- III. Order of Judicial Review Discussion (**Tab 3**)
 - a. Consider adoption of administrative releases during pilot site program

- IV. Subcommittee to Study Bail Schedules Status Update - *Judge Mason Simons* (**Tab 4**)

- V. Other Items/Discussion

- VI. Next Meeting Date: TBD

- VII. Public Comment

- VIII. Adjournment

- Action items are noted by * and typically include review, approval, denial, and/or postponement of specific items. Certain items may be referred to a subcommittee for additional review and action.
- Agenda items may be taken out of order at the discretion of the Chair in order to accommodate persons appearing before the Commission and/or to aid in the time efficiency of the meeting.
- If members of the public participate in the meeting, they must identify themselves when requested. Public comment is welcomed by the Commission but may be limited at the discretion of the Chair.
- The Commission is pleased to provide reasonable accommodations for members of the public who are disabled and wish to attend the meeting. If assistance is required, please notify Commission staff by phone or by email no later than two working days prior to the meeting, as follows: Jamie Gradick, (775) 687-9808 - email: jgradick@nvcourts.nv.gov
- This meeting is exempt from the Nevada Open Meeting Law (NRS 241.030)
- At the discretion of the Chair, topics related to the administration of justice, judicial personnel, and judicial matters that are of a confidential nature may be closed to the public.
- **Notice of this meeting was posted in the following locations:** Nevada Supreme Court website: www.nevadajudiciary.us; Carson City: Supreme Court Building, Administrative Office of the Courts, 201 South Carson Street; Las Vegas: Regional Justice Center, 200 Lewis Avenue, 17th Floor.

TAB 1

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JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

"To unite and promote Nevada's judiciary as an equal, independent and effective branch of government."

Committee to Study Evidence-Based Pretrial Release

Summary Prepared by Jamie Gradick

July 13, 2016

4:00 p.m. – 5:30 p.m.

Videoconference (Carson City, Las Vegas)

Members Present

Justice James Hardesty, Chair
Judge David Barker
Judge Stephen Bishop
Judge Joe Bonaventure
Jeremy Bosler
Heather Condon
Kowan Connolly
Judge Gene Drakulich
Tad Fletcher
Judge Douglas Herndon
Chris Hicks
Judge Kevin Higgins
Judge Cedric Kerns
Judge Jennifer Klapper
Phil Kohn
Judge Scott Pearson
Judge Thomas Perkins
Judge Melissa Saragosa
Judge Elliot Sattler
Judge Mason Simons
Dagny Stapleton

Judge John Tatro
Judge Alan Tiras
Judge Ryan Toone
Judge Natalie Tyrrell
Anna Vasquez
Jeff Wells
Steven Wolfson
Judge Bitia Yeager

Guests

Dr. James Austin
Mike Doan
Dana Hlavac
Angela Jackson-Castain
Kim Kampling
Sandy Molina
Leland Moore

AOC Staff

Jamie Gradick
Hans Jessup
Kandice Townsend

- I. Call to Order
 - Justice Hardesty called the meeting to order at 4:00 p.m.
- II. Call of Roll

- Ms. Gradick called roll; a quorum was present.
- III. Approval of Prior Meeting Summary
- The summary of the May 23, 2016 meeting was approved.
- IV. Opening Remarks
- Justice Hardesty welcomed attendees and explained that the objectives of this meeting are to review Dr. Austin's NPRA Tool Validation report and to review and approve the NPRA Tool Implementation Plan put forth by the NPRA Implementation Protocol Subcommittee.
 - Justice Hardesty informed attendees that NIC, Urban Institute, PJI, and OJP are all working with the Committee to train judges, staff/users, and attorney stakeholders in use of the tool. Much work has taken place over the past several weeks; the go-live date for the pilot site program is September 1, 2016.
 - Justice Hardesty explained that the training sessions will be remotely webcast and will be interactive.
- V. Public Comment
- There was no public comment in Las Vegas or in Carson City.
- VI. NPRA Tool Validation Report
- Dr. James Austin with the JFA Institute, together with Ms. Angela Jackson-Castain with the OJP Diagnostic Center, presented the results of the NPRA Tool Validation Report. *(See meeting materials for copy of report)*
 - Dr. Austin explained that the following six recommendations were made to increase predictability of the tool:
 - Added the factor of possession of valid cell phone number (non-cell phone releases had a higher FTA rate);
 - Consolidated the substance abuse factor by only using prior drug/alcohol related arrests (other measures of drug use were not valid);
 - Modified the residence factor by adding whether the person was a resident of Nevada (non-residents have a higher FTA rate);
 - Consolidated prior misdemeanor arrest score so that 3 or more receive 2 points (no difference in rates by 3-5 and 6 or more categories);
 - Consolidated prior felony/gross misdemeanor arrests score so that 2 or more are scored as 2 points (no difference in rates by other categories); and,
 - Recalibrated the overall scale so that it matches the new scoring process.
 - Dr. Austin explained that the tool is "normed" to Nevada's population and meets industry standards in terms of predictability and effectiveness.
 - Mr. Jeremy Bosler expressed concern that indigent and minority defendants are arrested at a disproportionately higher rate. Mr. Bosler asked whether the tool measures or addresses this in any way.
 - Discussion was held regarding the use of overrides and judicial discretion to consider these issues; this is something that will need to be addressed in the training and monitored during the pilot site.

- Discussion was held regarding conducting a revalidation of the instrument following the pilot site in order to measure the impact of certain factors such as employment status, residency, and cell phone, etc. These factors were included because there is data to support their impact on predictability and they can be indicators of those offenders who need “extra help.”
- Mr. Chris Hicks asked for clarification regarding a disproportionate amount of arrests resulting in a disproportionate amount of convictions as well and how this would skew the tool.
 - Dr. Austin explained that, in general, there isn’t a correlation between the two in most jurisdictions.
- Judge Pearson asked for clarification regarding whether the overrides were part of the validation and how to address the override question in the training.
 - Dr. Austin explained that the manual that is being put together operationally defines the factors. The overrides came from the Committee. Additionally, there should be “reliability testing” of the staff as they complete the instrument.
 - Discussion was held regarding the need to address/define the overrides more thoroughly; a suggestion was made that the NPRA Implementation Subcommittee should take this on.
- Justice Hardesty explained that race and poverty data will need to be collected and monitored for impact on predictability throughout the pilot site program.
- Judge Sattler expressed concern regarding the application of the tool to all Cat. A offenses (as an example) across the board and commented that the tool should be applied to certain types of cases and not applied to other types.
 - Discussion was held regarding training the evaluators on “nature of offense”. Justice Hardesty commented that users need to be careful of using offenses in order to avoid prejudging guilt; treating it as an override may not be appropriate. The tool is a guide; these “certain case types” are factors that the judge will need to take into consideration as part of judicial discretion.
 - Justice Hardesty commented that releasing everyone in a specific crime type category could result in the release of high risk defendants.
- Mr. Hicks expressed concern regarding pilot site locations operating differently with the same crime types. Justice Hardesty explained that the tool captures risk - that’s a different question from the release decision practices that exist in the various jurisdictions of automatically letting staff make release decisions for certain crime types and withholding that discretion for other crime types.
 - Dr. Austin commented that revalidation of the tool could be impacted if differing practices across the sites are resulting in some people not being assessed.

- Justice Hardesty commented that completing the assessment on everyone regardless of release policies will allow for better tracking.
- Discussion was held regarding the “misconception” that court services will have discretion to release those people who score low risk on the tool; the judge needs to be making this decision.
- Justice Hardesty commented that there is value in having the district attorneys and courts look at the release decisions; whether to reconcile or not is something that the Committee may need to address at a later date.
- Discussion was held regarding the assumption that all questions on the tool need to be answered in order for the verification process to be accurate. Dr. Austin confirmed that the tool needs to be completely filled out in order to function as intended.
 - Discussion was held regarding the ability to verify the information and how to handle the process when information (employment, residency) cannot be verified.
 - Dr. Austin explained that, if the information cannot be verified, then the defendant does not get “credit” - for example, until employment is verified, have to assume the defendant is not employed.
- A motion was made to accept the report; the Committee unanimously approved the motion.

VII. Discussion of NPRA Tool Implementation Plan

- Ms. Heather Condon introduced Mr. Leland Moore, a consultant working with the National Institute of Corrections to develop the NPRA Tool Implementation Plan.
- Mr. Moore provided an overview of the plan and explained that it was designed to function as a “road map” to guide the NPRA implementation efforts in the pilot sites.
 - The document functions as a “common document” to avoid “everyone doing their own thing” and allows “best practices to be used” in designing a quality roll-out process.
 - The plan was specifically designed with a pilot program in mind and with an understanding that the various pilot sites have different needs and resources. Thus, the plan has a degree of flexibility built into it (timelines, roles, etc.) that allows it to be updated as implementation efforts progress.
- Mr. Moore commented that the policy section should be completed prior to the pilot site program commence date.
- Discussion was held regarding training logistics.
 - Training dates are August 18 and 19 at the Clark County Commission chambers; training will consist of online, interactive (remote webcast) training by Urban Institute/PJI and onsite training by Dr. Austin. The AOC Judicial Education Dept. will arrange for the sessions to be filmed.

- Additional training issues/logistics will be addressed as the implementation process progresses.
- Justice Hardesty explained that there will be 3 groups of professionals, each group attending its own session. Discussion was held regarding scheduling: court staff will be trained during the 8/18 morning session; attorneys will be trained during the 8/18 afternoon session and the 8/19 morning session; and judges will be trained during the 8/19 afternoon session.
- Justice Hardesty would like to have two brief conference calls tomorrow to discuss training logistics and outreach/communication efforts; one call will be with Washoe and Clark PDs and DAs and another will be with the pilot site judges.
- A motion was made to accept the NPRA Tool Implementation Plan; the Committee unanimously approved the motion.
- Discussion was held regarding “getting the word out” to private contract counsel.
 - Mr. Phil Kohn and Mr. Jeremy Bosler agreed to contact these groups and will confirm with Ms. Gradick once they’ve done so.
- Justice Hardesty will look into getting CLE credit approval for the training.

VIII. Other Items/Discussion

- Ms. Condon informed attendees that Mr. Joel Bishop’s (with Mesa County) has agreed to discuss supervision and risk levels with the Committee at future meeting. It is imperative that consistent supervision requirements are established prior to the pilot site commencement.
 - Supervision should be least restrictive and related to risk as predicted by the tool.

IX. Next Meeting Date

- Justice Hardesty informed attendees that the next meeting would be tentatively set for August 8, 2016 depending upon Mr. Joel Bishop’s availability to attend.

X. Additional Public Comment

- There was no additional public comment offered from either Las Vegas or Carson City.

XI. Adjournment

- Justice Hardesty adjourned the meeting at 5:30 p.m.

TAB 2

21st Judicial District Pretrial Policies and Bond Guidelines

VERSION 2

A Collaborative Effort to Enhance Pretrial Justice

Pretrial EBDM Committee Members:

Judge Craig Henderson (Committee Co-Chair, 2011-2014)

Dennis Berry (Criminal Justice Services, Committee Co-Chair)

Judge David Bottger (Chief Judge)

Rich Tuttle (Assistant District Attorney)

Bo Zeerip (Senior Trial Deputy District Attorney)

Scott Burrill (Public Defender)

Alex Vitale (Public Defender)

Patrick Gentzler (Private Defense)

Dan Shaffer (Private Defense)

Steve Farlow (Jail Commander)

Sue Gormley (EBDM Project Coordinator)

Jennifer Sheetz (Data Analyst)

Joel Bishop (Mesa County Criminal Justice Services)



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Pretrial Implementation Vision Statement

The vision of the Mesa County Criminal Justice system is a pretrial system that strives to be reliable, objective, impartial, responsive, collaborative, and data driven to improve the outcomes of Mesa County's criminal justice system. Our goal is to provide pretrial conditional release and supervision that is fair, equitable and maintains the safety and public order needs of our community.

Guiding Principles

Reliability and Objectivity

A pretrial services agency should assemble accurate, reliable and objective information relevant to the court's determination concerning pretrial release or detention. This information should be provided to the court and parties in a timely manner.

Data Driven Decision Making

Pretrial detention and supervision decisions should be based upon science-based research, validated assessment tools, measurable goals and ongoing data collection so as to improve the outcomes of the criminal justice system.

Impartiality

In order to produce consistent release decisions for all accused persons Judicial Officers should give consideration to the factors required by law and an individual's supervision risks in an effort to ensure community safety and court appearance, through the use of non-financial bonds when appropriate.

Responsivity

Use the least restrictive conditions of release and supervision that are consistent with an individual's risk for pretrial misconduct.

Collaboration

We are committed to achieving common goals by creating and maintaining working relationships within an adversarial system.

21ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT PRETRIAL POLICIES and BOND GUIDELINES

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE AND COLLABORATION

These bond guidelines and pretrial policies are intended to promote pretrial justice by increasing community safety, maintaining a high rate of court appearance and maximizing pretrial release.

These guidelines and pretrial policies were formed collaboratively with input from various stakeholders in the 21st Judicial District, including Judges from both District and County courts, the Defense Bar, the Public Defender's Office, the District Attorney's Office, the Mesa County Sheriff's Department and Mesa County Pretrial Services. Over the past several years representatives from these agencies and organizations have collaborated to develop bond guidelines and pretrial policies which are consistent with EBDM research, constitutional principles, and Colorado statutes.

HISTORY

Mesa County established a Pretrial Services program in 1989 to provide Pretrial Reports to the court, and to supervise defendants. In 2010 Mesa County embarked on an effort to implement evidence-based practices in our jurisdiction, and established a Pretrial EBDM committee. In July of 2012 the 21st Judicial District became the first jurisdiction in Colorado to implement the Colorado Pretrial Assessment Tool (CPAT). In May 2013 the 21st Judicial District replaced the previous bond schedule with the 2013 Bond Guidelines.

The 2013 Bond Guidelines moved away from pretrial decisions based primarily on the criminal charges and from the imposition of monetary bond conditions, and toward making pretrial and bond decisions based primarily on a defendant's pretrial risk as determined by the CPAT. Additionally, the 2013 Bond Guidelines prescribed pretrial services as a condition of bond in certain cases, and a more consistent approach to responding to pretrial violations was approved. The 2015 updates to the 2013 Bond Guidelines were prompted in part due to statutory changes in 2013 and 2014.

PURPOSE OF 2015 BOND GUIDELINES AND PRETRIAL POLICIES

These updated bond guidelines and pretrial policies are designed to:

- 1) Conform the bond guidelines and pretrial policies to current Colorado statutes;
- 2) Make changes to bond presumptions and pretrial supervision based on data gathered over the past 12 – 18 months regarding the pretrial risk and performance of the local population;
- 3) Take additional steps toward minimizing pretrial detention due to monetary conditions of bond for low to medium risk defendants when a Judge has determined that such defendant is appropriate for pretrial release with appropriate non-monetary bond conditions;
- 4) Clarify that a monetary condition that results in pretrial detention for medium to high risk defendants is appropriate in certain cases when a Judge has decided that no non-monetary conditions of bond are sufficient to address the defendant's pretrial risk. The new guidelines also state a system preference and presumption for a cash only monetary condition when a monetary condition is deemed necessary.

LEGAL PHILOSOPHY AND PRINCIPLES

“In our society liberty is the norm, and detention prior to trial or without trial is the carefully limited exception.” U.S. v. Salerno, 481 U.S. 739 (1987).

Purpose of Bond Conditions

The two equally important purposes of bond conditions are; 1) to reasonably ensure the defendant’s appearance in court, and 2) to protect the safety of individuals and the community.

These two purposes of bond conditions have been approved as constitutional in Salerno and are explicitly stated in Colorado’s new bond statutes. C.R.S. 16-4-103 (3)(a).

Least Restrictive Conditions

The current Colorado bond statutes require that courts use the least restrictive bond conditions necessary to address a particular defendant’s pretrial risk. C.R.S. 16-4-103(4)(a). A monetary condition of bond should only be used if necessary to address the defendant’s pretrial risk.

If a judge has decided that pretrial release is appropriate and a defendant’s pretrial risk can be addressed with non-monetary conditions of bond, then a monetary condition of bond should not result in the continued pretrial detention of a defendant.

Monetary Conditions of Bond that Result in the Pretrial Detention of the Defendant

Under the 2014 bond guidelines that follow, a judge may impose a monetary condition of bond that may result in the defendant’s pretrial detention, and such bond condition may be reasonable, if no other non-monetary conditions of bond would adequately address pretrial risk.

As indicated above in the Salerno case, pretrial detention can be constitutional and is used in other jurisdictions. Pretrial detention is also approved of and recommended by the American Bar Association’s pretrial Standards, Part V. Standards 10-5.1 – 5.16.

Colorado courts have also upheld monetary conditions of bond that result in the pretrial detention of defendants. See People v. District Court, 529 P.2d 1335, 1336 (Colo. 1974) “[n]either the Eighth Amendment nor the Fourteenth Amendment requires that everyone charged with a state offense must be given his liberty on bail pending trial.”; People v. Jones, 489 P.2d 596, 599 (Colo. 1971) “The right to bail does not amount to a guarantee that every defendant who is charged with a crime will be released without bail if he is indigent.”

Cash Only Bonds

If a monetary condition of bond is deemed appropriate by the Court there is a preference and presumption for a cash only condition for the following reasons: a) Only Judges, not bondsmen, should decide which defendants are released on bond, and which defendants may be appropriately detained pretrial due to inability to meet a monetary condition, and b) Cash only bonds are beneficial to the defendant in that the defendant will receive the cash deposit back if the case is dismissed or they are acquitted, and may receive their cash back even if found guilty pursuant to C.R.S. 16-4-111(1), and c) There is no evidence or research that indicates that surety bonds have a positive impact on court appearance or public safety.

C.R.S. 16-4-107 Bond Review Hearing

If a monetary condition of bond was imposed at the initial appearance of the defendant, and such monetary condition of bond results in the continued pretrial detention of the defendant, then C.R.S. 16-4-

107, and the Bond Guidelines, provide a procedure for judicial review to determine if a monetary condition is necessary and appropriate to address the defendant's pretrial risk.

EXPLANATION OF BOND GUIDELINES AND PRETRIAL POLICY DOCUMENTS

Pretrial Services Report – Including CPAT Risk Assessment

The Pretrial Services Report is designed to highlight the CPAT Risk Assessment. The Colorado Pretrial Assessment Tool (CPAT) is an evidence-based risk assessment tool that identifies a risk profile for Colorado defendants during the pretrial phase by estimating a defendant's risk to reoffend and risk to fail to appear for future court proceedings. The CPAT score is one of several factors to consider when deciding the type and amount of bond. The PTS Report will continue to contain biographical information about the defendant, the defendant's criminal history, and other financial, contact, employment, and residential history information.

Bond Guidelines

The new Bond Guidelines document replaces the 2013 bond guidelines and will be used by Judges and attorneys to inform decisions regarding the type, amount, and conditions of bond. The new bond guidelines provide a presumptive type of bond and level of pretrial supervision. These presumptions are based on a consideration of the CPAT risk score of the specific defendant, and the crime category or column within which the defendant's case is categorized based on the most serious crime charged. The Judges and attorneys should also consider the other factors specified in C.R.S. 16-4-103(5) when setting the type, amount, and conditions of the bond in any specific case. The color of the various boxes indicates the presumptive bond type and level of pretrial supervision. The various boxes and colors are the same as the boxes and colors in the Pretrial SMART Praxis. In order to understand the requirements of a specific level of pretrial supervision, the Pretrial SMART Praxis document should be consulted.

Crime Column Appendix

The Crime Column Appendix more specifically identifies which specific crimes are included in each of the seven crime columns on the Bond Guidelines and the SMART Praxis.

Pretrial SMART Praxis

The SMART Praxis is designed to specify what level of supervision is recommended for a particular case, based on the defendant's CPAT risk score and the most serious crime charged. The boxes and colors on this document are the same as the colors and boxes on the Bond Guidelines, providing stakeholders with an understanding of how Pretrial Supervision will be recommended and applied. The various possible supervision levels are: 1) no pretrial supervision (green), 2) Basic (yellow), 3) Enhanced (orange), or 4) Intensive (red). Judges may also order additional conditions of supervision not automatically included in a particular level of supervision, such as substance testing.

Pretrial Services Response to Violations Guide

The Pretrial Services Response to Violations Guide is designed to bring a consistency and transparency to the policies and procedures which PTS will follow when there has been a violation of the terms and conditions of PTS. This document will primarily be used by the staff of PTS, but it is being included with this packet of information so that all parties involved in the 21st Judicial District Criminal Justice System will have an understanding of the possible responses when a defendant violates a term or condition of the supervision requirements

Pretrial Services Report

VERSION 2, implemented January 1, 2015

Defendant Name:		AKA's:	
Date:	DOB:	Arrest Date/Time:	
Gender:	AGE: 0	Hold?	
Arresting Agency:		Arresting Officer:	
SID#:	FBI (NCIC #):		

CURRENT CHARGE(S):

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE?		DVSI SCORE (If Applicable)	
DEFENDANT'S CPAT RISK CATEGORY		TOTAL CPAT SCORE	

The Colorado Pretrial Assessment Tool (CPAT) Risk Categories

- Category 1 = 0 TO 17 (87% Success, 91% Public Safety, 95% Court Appearance)
 From CISPR Category 2 = 18 TO 37 (71% Success, 80% Public Safety, 85% Court Appearance)
 Study Category 3 = 38 TO 50 (58% Success, 69% Public Safety, 77% Court Appearance)
 Category 4 = 51 TO 82 (33% Success, 58% Public Safety, 51% Court Appearance)

DEFENDANT'S CPAT PROFILE DETAILS:

CPAT FACTORS & SCORING (See CPAT Research for details regarding these items)

1. Having a Home or Cell Phone		
2. Owning One's Residence		
3. Contributing to Residential Payments		
4. Defendant Reports Past or Current Problems with Alcohol		
5. Past or Current Mental Health Treatment		
6. Age at First Arrest		
7. Past Jail or Work Release Sentence		
8. Past Prison Sentence		
9. Having Active Warrants		
10. Having Other Pending Cases		
11. Currently on Supervision		
12. History of Revoked Bond or Supervision		

BOND GUIDELINES CRITERIA:

RECOMMENDED BOND CONDITIONS:

- Condition #1:
 Condition #2:
 Condition #3:
 Condition #4:

Notes:

Special Notes:
 (If Applicable)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

CRIMINAL HISTORY DETAILS:		Number of Priors:
Felony		
Misdemeanor		
Major Traffic and Petty		
Juvenile Felony		
Juv. Misd. & Traffic		
Pending Cases:		
Currently Under Supervision?		
Number of FTA's in Lifetime:		Past 5 years:
Notes:		

SUBSTANCE ABUSE:	
Defendant reports current or past problems with drug abuse?	
If yes, Explain:	

LOCAL TIES & RESIDENCE HISTORY:	Information Verified?	
Current Address:		
Phone Number:		Alternate Phone #:
Length at Current Address:		
Residing with alleged victim(s)?		
Relationship to alleged victim(s)?		
Amount of Time in Local Area:		
Number of Dependents (Names & Ages):		
Notes:		

EMPLOYMENT:	Information Verified?	
Current Employer:		
Length of Employment:		

COMMUNITY CONTACTS #1:			
Contact Name:		Contact Phone #:	
Relation to client:		Willing to Co-sign (Yes or No)?	
Spoke with Contact (Yes or No)?			
COMMUNITY CONTACTS #2:			
Contact Name:		Contact Phone #:	
Relation to client:		Willing to Co-sign (Yes or No)?	
Spoke with Contact (Yes or No)?			

OTHER INFORMATION/NOTES (IF APPLICABLE):

REPORT COMPLETED BY: _____

This information was compiled under stringent timelines from relevant sources for convenience of review by applicable Judicial Officials. Pretrial Services makes no representations or warranties regarding the completeness or accuracy of this information.

21st JUDICIAL DISTRICT BOND POLICY AND GUIDELINES - ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 15-01

- The two equally important purposes of bond conditions are 1) court appearance, and 2) public safety. C.R.S. 16-4-103 (3); U.S. v. Salerno, 481 U.S. 739 (1987).
- Defendants are presumed eligible for release on bond with the appropriate and least restrictive bond conditions which address pretrial risk. C.R.S. 16-4-103(4)(a)
- The presumption of release is overcome when no non-monetary conditions of bond can be imposed that would reasonably ensure the defendant's appearance in court, and/or reasonably ensure the safety of any victim, witness, or person in the community. If a Judge finds that no less restrictive conditions of bond can address the defendant's pretrial risk, a monetary condition which results in the defendant's pretrial detention may be reasonable and appropriate.
- Bonds that result in the pretrial detention of certain defendants can be reasonable, and such practice has been found to be constitutional. Salerno at p. 2103.
- In making a determination regarding a monetary condition of bond, a Judge must consider the CPAT risk category, and should also consider the nature and circumstances of the charges, the possible and likely sentence, prior criminal history, prior failures to appear, and other factors allowed by C.R.S. 16-4-103 (3)(b), (5).

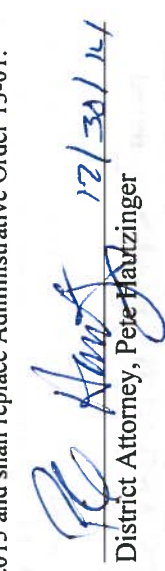
These bond guidelines are presumptions. Deviation from the presumptions may be appropriate based on case specific circumstances.							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
CPAT Risk Category	Felony VRA Crimes (C.R.S. 24-4.1-302)	Drug Distribution	Aggravated DUI & DARP	Domestic Violence DVSI 11 or Greater	Domestic Violence DVSI 10 or Less	Other Felony Crimes & Misdemeanor VRA (C.R.S. 24-4.1-302)	Other Misdemeanor, and Traffic Offenses
Cat 1	PR or Cash Only w/PTS	PR with PTS	PR with PTS	PR with PTS	PR No Supervision	* PR No Supervision	* PR No Supervision
Cat 2	PR or Cash Only w/PTS	PR or Cash Only w/PTS	PR or Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	PR No Supervision	* PR No Supervision	* PR No Supervision
Cat 3	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	PR or Cash Only w/PTS	PR or Cash Only w/PTS	*PR No Supervision
Cat 4	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	Cash Only w/PTS	PR or Cash only w/PTS

*CJSD Release Authority: Defendants categorized in the starred boxes of the bond guidelines may be released on a PR bond at the discretion of CJSD (excluding VRA crimes).

- PTS (Pretrial Services Supervision): When prescribed by the guidelines, the judge should order pretrial supervision as allowed by C.R.S. 16-4-105.
- If substance testing is desired as part of PTS the court must specifically order such testing. Substance testing is not an automatic requirement of PTS.
- The presumptive bond for cases categorized in the **GREEN** boxes is a PR Bond (including Co-Sign PR Bond) with no other conditions as allowed by C.R.S. 16-4-104(1)(a).
- The presumptive bond for cases categorized in the **YELLOW** boxes is either a PR bond or a Cash Only bond, with PTS as allowed by C.R.S. 16-4-104(1) (b) or (c) (I).
- The presumptive bond for cases categorized in the **ORANGE** and **RED** boxes is a Cash Only bond with PTS as allowed by C.R.S. 16-40194(1)(c)(I).
- Except for PR bonds with an unsecured monetary condition, a monetary condition should be a cash only condition as allowed by C.R.S. 16-4-104 (1) (c) (I).
- Sentence enhancing charges, habitual criminal, crimes of violence, and special offender should be considered when setting the type, condition, and amount of bond.
- These bond guidelines shall be in effect as of January 1, 2015 and shall replace Administrative Order 13-01.



 Chief Judge, David A. Botzger



 District Attorney, Peter Platzinger



 Mesa County Sheriff Elect, Matt Lewis

21st JUDICIAL DISTRICT BOND POLICY AND GUIDELINES Continued

Additional Definitions and Policies:

1. “**Pretrial risk**” – a defendant’s risk to fail to appear for court, and/or a defendant’s risk to commit a felony or misdemeanor while on bond.
2. Pretrial Services (PTS) shall be accordance with the SMART Praxis unless a deviation is warranted and specifically ordered by the court.
3. **Cash Only Bonds** – If a monetary condition of bond is deemed appropriate by the Court there is a preference and presumption for a cash only condition for the following reasons: a) Only Judges, not bondsmen, should decide which defendants are released on bond, and which defendants may be appropriately detained pretrial due to inability to meet a monetary condition and, b) Cash only bonds are beneficial to the defendant in that the defendant will receive the cash deposit back if the case is dismissed or they are acquitted, and *may* receive their cash back even if found guilty pursuant to C.R.S. 16-4-11(1) and, c) There is no evidence or research that indicates that surety bonds have a positive impact on court appearance or public safety.
4. The Colorado Pretrial Assessment Tool (CPAT) shall only be completed by trained Mesa County Pretrial Services staff.
5. Consistent with C.R.S. 16-4-103 (3) (b), warrants for arrest should be “no bond hold” warrants so that the defendants can have a CPAT risk assessment completed and an appropriate bond set at a bond hearing. This statute prohibits the setting of a bond without consideration of an empirically developed risk assessment instrument when practicable and available.
6. A Judge shall not make a determination as to the type, conditions, and amount of a bond without considering a defendant’s CPAT risk assessment when practicable and available. C.R.S. 16-4-103 (3) (b)
7. CPAT assessments will generally not be completed for post sentencing matters unless specifically requested, and when resources allow. While the CPAT has not been validated for post sentencing matters such as probation violations, failures to comply, and failures to appear, a defendant’s CPAT assessment may be informative and helpful in setting bond for such cases, since the purpose for bond is the same as for new criminal charges.
8. **Non-Aggravated DUI:** First DUI arrest with BAC level under 0.15. Release and summons at the discretion of law enforcement.
9. **Aggravated DUI:** Prior DUI arrest, DUI + Vehicular Eluding, first DUI arrest with BAC level over 0.15. Defendants shall be arrested and assessed with a CPAT and Pretrial Report, and held to see a Judge. *Research completed in 2010 for Colorado DUI offenders indicates that a 0.15 BAC cut-off is indicative of future DUI recidivism (CDHS, Feb 2010).*
10. **The term “DUI”** includes all drug and alcohol related driving offenses such as DUI, DWAI, DUID, and DWAIID.
11. No monetary amount or monetary condition of bond is required for personal recognizance bonds, pursuant to C.R.S. 16-4-103 and 104(1a). There is no clear evidence or research that financial conditions have an impact on court appearance or public safety.

Pretrial Release and Monetary Bond Condition Decisions, and Bond Review Hearing Procedures:

1. These bond guidelines create presumptions and may be deviated from in certain cases based on case specific circumstances and pretrial risk concerns.
2. As indicated in these bond guidelines and in the Colorado bond statutes, there is a presumption for pretrial release. This presumption is also supported in People v. Salerno, “In our society liberty is the norm, and detention prior to trial or without trial is the carefully limited exception.” Salerno, p. 755.
3. Judges should make pretrial bond condition decisions based on a defendant’s CPAT risk category combined with the nature and circumstances of the alleged crime.
4. In a large majority of cases the pretrial decision should result in the release of the defendant with the least restrictive conditions necessary to address pretrial risk.
5. When a Judge has determined that pretrial release of the defendant is appropriate, no monetary condition of bond should keep a defendant in custody.
6. At the defendant’s initial court appearance, if a Judge has decided that there are no non-monetary bond conditions that can adequately address a defendant’s pretrial risk, a monetary condition may be imposed. If a monetary condition results in the pretrial detention of the defendant, such result may be reasonable and appropriate.
7. Pretrial bond decisions that result in the pretrial detention of defendants have been approved as constitutional in J.S. v. Salerno, and such practice is approved of and recommended in the American Bar Association standards for pretrial release and detention decisions, Part V. Standards 10-5.1 through 10-5.16.
8. If a defendant violates any bond condition, the court may find that the presumption of release has been overcome, and impose a monetary condition.
9. Pursuant to C.R.S. 16-4-107, if a defendant is unable to satisfy a monetary condition of bond after 7 days, the defendant may file a motion with the court for a modification of that monetary condition. The court shall conduct a hearing on the defendant’s motion within 14 days, unless the court finds the defendant’s motion to have no merit.
10. At the conclusion of the C.R.S. 16-4-107 bond hearing, in order for the Judge to retain a monetary condition which has resulted in the pretrial detention of the defendant, the Judge must find probable cause that the defendant committed the crime(s) charged (which may be determined and found by the facts as alleged in the affidavit), and must find that the defendant’s pretrial risk cannot be adequately addressed by less restrictive bond conditions. At such hearing the court must give significant weight and deference to the CPAT risk category and the bond guidelines. The defendant and the prosecution may present any relevant argument and evidence including sworn testimony if desired. The rules of evidence shall not be applicable. The Judge may find that the defendant’s CPAT risk category, combined with the facts and circumstances of the alleged crime, are sufficient to justify a monetary condition that results in the defendant’s pretrial detention.
11. Pursuant to 16-4-107 the defendant is entitled to this procedure once during the pendency of the case. However, the court may allow subsequent hearings if warranted.

APPENDIX TO CRIME COLUMNS

*** All crimes listed include the related inchoate crimes of attempt, conspiracy, and solicitation. ***

If a case could be classified in more than one column due to multiple charges, the more restrictive classification should be chosen.

Column # 1 – Felony VRA Crimes – as listed in C.R.S. 24-4.1-302 – summarized below:

Murder	Manslaughter
Criminally Negligent Homicide	Vehicular Homicide
Assault, 1 st & 2 nd degree	Vehicular Assault
Menacing	Kidnapping – 1 st and 2 nd degree
Sexual Assault – 1 st and 2 nd degree	Sexual Assault on a Child
Sexual Assault by psychotherapist	Invasion of Privacy – sexual
Robbery	Incest
Child Abuse	Sexual Exploitation of Children
Crimes against at-risk Victims	Stalking
Bias motivated crimes	Indecent Exposure
Failure to Stop at Scene – death of another person	Burglary – 1 st degree
Tampering with Victim / Witness	Intimidation of Victim / Witness
Retaliation against a Victim / Witness	Retaliation against a Judge / Juror
Violation of Protection Order – sex assault victim	Human Trafficking
Habitual Domestic Violence	

Column # 2 - Drug Distribution

Drug distribution includes Special Offender charges and felony drug distribution (DF1 through DF4). The offense must include distribution, manufacturing, dispensing, selling or possession with intent of an illegal substance. This does not include simple possession of controlled substance charges unless combined with Special Offender charges.

Column # 3 Aggravated DARP/DUI

“Aggravated DUI”: Any DUI with a BAC of 0.15 or more, Prior DUI arrest, DUI + Vehicular Eluding.

The term “DUI” includes all drug and alcohol related driving offenses such as DUI, DWAI, DUID, and DWAIID.

Columns # 4 & #5 – Domestic Violence

Includes all misdemeanor and felony DV cases not otherwise categorized in columns 1, 2 or 3.

DVSI = Domestic Violence Screening Instrument - this instrument is validated on offenders in Colorado. It predicts specific risk to re-offend with Domestic Violence. Lower risk is 0-10, and medium to higher risk offenders will have scores that are 11 to 24. The State of Colorado has historically recognized offenders with a score of 11 or greater as needing a higher level of attention.

Column # 6 – Other Felony Crimes & Misdemeanor VRA Crimes – as listed in C.R.S. 24-4.1-302:

This column will include all other felony crimes not categorized in Columns 1 through 4.

Misdemeanor VRA Crimes	
Assault, 3 rd degree	Child Abuse
Sexual Assault, 3 rd degree / Unlawful Sexual Contact	Indecent Exposure
Menacing	Bias Motivated Crimes
Careless Driving Causing Death	

Column # 7 – Misdemeanor & Traffic

This column will include all other misdemeanor and traffic crimes, including DM1 and DM2 charges.

MESA COUNTY PRETRIAL SMART PRAXIS Version 4
(SMART = Supervision Matrix Assessment & Recommendation Tool)

CPAT Risk Category	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Felony VRA Crimes (C.R.S. 24-4.1-302)	Drug Distribution	Aggravated DUI & DARP	Domestic Violence DVSI 11 or Greater	Domestic Violence DVSI 10 or Less	Other Felony Crimes & Misdemeanor VRA (C.R.S. 24-4.1-302)	Other Misdemeanor, and Traffic Offenses
1	Basic	Basic	Basic	Basic	Court Reminder Calls Only	Court Reminder Calls Only	Court Reminder Calls Only
2	Basic	Basic	Basic	Enhanced	Court Reminder Calls Only	Court Reminder Calls Only	Court Reminder Calls Only
3	Intensive	Intensive	Enhanced	Intensive	Basic	Basic	Court Reminder Calls Only
4	Intensive	Intensive	Intensive	Intensive	Enhanced	Enhanced	Basic

PRETRIAL SUPERVISION LEVELS

Pretrial Supervision Description	No Supervision (Unless Jud. Override)	Basic	Enhanced	Intensive
Fees Charged to the Defendant <i>- Fee waivers are available based on client needs</i>	No fee	\$40 Intake, \$20 p/month	\$40 Intake, \$30 p/month	\$40 Intake, \$40 p/month
CPAT Assessment	✓	✓	✓	✓
Criminal History & Background Information	✓	✓	✓	✓
Court Reminders before each Pretrial Court Date		✓	✓	✓
Intake within 24 hours of release from jail		✓	✓	✓
Orientation with Intake Staff		✓	✓	✓
Notification of New Arrest		✓	✓	✓
Physically Check-in with Pretrial After Court Appearances		✓	✓	✓
Treatment evaluation by court order or client request		✓	✓	✓
Orientation with Pretrial Staff			✓	✓
Physical Check-in to Pretrial Office minimum of 1x p/month		✓		
Physical Check-in to Pretrial Office minimum of 2x p/month			✓	
Physical Check-in to Pretrial Office minimum of 1x p/week				✓
Client Meetings as Needed Only		✓		
*Minimum of one Client Meeting p/Month			✓	
*Minimum of two Client Meetings p/Month				✓

*Any defendants who are also on supervised Probation will not be required to have meetings with pretrial staff, except as needed.

DUI GUIDELINES (DUI includes DUI, DWAI, DUID, DWAI)

Non-Aggravated DUIs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First DUI arrest in lifetime and BAC under 0.15. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Release and summons at the discretion of law enforcement. • No Pretrial Supervision is recommended.
Aggravated DUIs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any DUI with a BAC of 0.15 or more. • Any prior DUI arrest. • DUI + Vehicular Eluding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum of two in-office substance screens per week or electronic alcohol monitoring (defendant's choice or at the discretion of CJSD). Substance screens include one or more of the following: breathalyzers, urine screens, eye scans or electronic alcohol devices, or other available chemical tests. • The type of substance tests may be imposed at the discretion of CJSD. • DUID cases: Minimum of two substance screens per month. • Any positive screen for schedule 1 or 2 drugs will result in a notice of violation & request for warrant. • Upon first and second positive screen (including alcohol, marijuana and Schedule 3-5 drugs), supervision will be increased (including possible use of alcohol ankle monitor) with a Report to the Court emailed to the court and the D.A. • Upon third or more positive screen, a Report to the Court with a Request for a no bond Warrant will be forwarded to the D.A. for filing with the court. • Successful compliance for at least two months may result in decreased intensity of supervision per CJSD discretion without formal action by the court.

SMART PRAXIS – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ADDITIONAL COURT ORDERED SUPERVISION SERVICES

These additional supervision services may be ordered by the court if appropriate for a particular defendant (see CRS 16-4-105).

Electronic Home Monitoring (EHM)	EHM is home curfew monitoring only and may involve an ankle monitor or Smart Phone device.
Fast Track Program	<p>The Fast Track Program may be available for defendants who are in need of substance abuse treatment and who are willing to participate. Defendants accepted into the Fast Track Program will be assessed and placed in a level of treatment based on their assessed needs, which may include in-patient or out-patient services. The Fast Track Program is available for both alcohol and drug addictions.</p> <p>Fast Track Approval Process: Should be ordered as a Cash Only bond with an alternative Co-Signed PR Bond, with CJSD as a non-liability co-signer. Pretrial Supervision should be a condition of the bond with substance testing authorized. A Fast Track Bond must be approved by Pretrial Services and the District Attorney’s office. The defendant will be assessed by CJSD treatment staff for an appropriate treatment level. If the defendant does not comply with treatment or Pretrial Supervision, CJSD may opt to revoke the bond. The defendant will be placed in treatment based on availability.</p>
GPS Monitoring	<p>Global Positioning System (GPS) Monitoring should not be considered protection for a victim. GPS monitoring relies on technology that may fail or that can be manipulated by defendants.</p> <p>GPS monitoring involves the electronic tracking of defendants’ geographical locations. The court may specify “Active” or “Passive” monitoring. “Active Monitoring” is the active, real time monitoring of a defendant’s location and is only reliable in the Grand Valley area. “Passive Monitoring” provides historical geographical information, but it is not real time. Pretrial Services will not be able to actively (real-time) monitor defendants outside of active monitoring zones.</p> <p>Exclusion zones should be specified and a minimum of 1,000 yards distance from exclusion zones should be ordered. Pretrial Services may decline to monitor defendants on GPS if conditions for monitoring present an unreasonable risk, or if there is no service available in the defendant’s community-based home or work locations.</p> <p>If GPS monitoring is ordered and there is at least one month of compliance, attorneys may choose to consider removal of the condition.</p> <p>GPS units are not always available, so the court should specific if it wants the defendant held in jail pending a GPS unit. It may take up to a week for Pretrial Services to review cases with GPS orders, and attain available GPS equipment.</p>
Substance Monitoring	<p>Pretrial Services may utilize the following methods: Urine Screens, Eye Scans, Breathalyzers, and Electronic Devices (Alcohol Ankle Monitors, In-Home Breathalyzers, Smart Phone technology, etc.).</p> <p>Unless otherwise ordered by the court, Pretrial Services will decide the method and frequency of the substance monitoring, which will be no less than one time per month, and no more than three times per week. This excludes DUI supervision levels, which are specified in the DUI supervision guidelines.</p>

OTHER INFORMATION

Adjustment of Supervision Levels	<p>If a defendant is compliant for at least two months, Pretrial Services may adjust supervision and substance testing based on performance.</p> <p>If a DUI defendant participates in treatment and has at least two months of negative substance screens, then supervision may be lowered, but not to less than one breathalyzer per week.</p>
Treatment Referrals	Pretrial Services may refer defendants for evaluations for treatment based on a court order or voluntary participation. The evaluations may include substance abuse, mental health, domestic violence, etc. Voluntary participation in treatment may help defendants avoid violations of their bond.
Response to Violations	Violation responses will be in accordance with the Mesa County Pretrial Services Response to Violations Guide.

This document was approved for implementation on January 1, 2015 by the Pretrial Stakeholder Group.

MESA COUNTY PRETRIAL SERVICES RESPONSE TO VIOLATIONS GUIDE

Minor Violations	Moderate Violations	Severe Violations
<i>Generally involves violations that show a lapse in judgment and do not cause harm to themselves or others.</i>	<i>Violations that appear to show a disregard for court orders and Pretrial Supervision, but did not cause harm or potential harm to others.</i>	<i>Violations that appear to show a willful and/or repeated disregard for court orders and Pretrial Supervision, and/or violations which cause or present a risk of harm to themselves and/or others.</i>
New Charges – Traffic infractions / Petty Offenses	Failure to Report a New Arrest	New Misdemeanor and Felony Criminal Charges
Failure to Report Police Contact	Failure to Appear in Court	Failure to comply with Protection Orders
Missing a Check-in	Home Curfew Violation	Failure to Report for Initial Intake Within One Week
Failure to Call in at Designated Date/Time	Leaving State w/out Authorization	Unable to Locate Client for Compliance
Missed Case Manager Meetings	Missed Multiple Case Manager Meetings	Failure to Comply with Fast Track Bond
GPS Minor Violations	GPS Moderate Violations	GPS Severe Violations
Failure to Report Address or Phone Number Changes	Failure to Download Electronic Monitoring Equipment	Tampering with an Electronic Monitoring Device
Failure to Answer Calls From Pretrial	Positive Schedule 3 to 5 Controlled Substance Screen	Positive Schedule 1 & 2 Controlled Substance Screen
Failure to Pay Supervision Fees <i>**Violations will not be filed for non-payment of fees.</i>	Failure to Comply with Special Bond Conditions (includes failure to produce substance tests, fail to submit BA's, positive THC tests, alcohol tests, etc.)	Tampering with a Urine Sample
Failure to Report After Court	Repeated Minor Level Violations	Repeated Moderate Level Violations

MESA COUNTY PRETRIAL VIOLATION RESPONSE GUIDELINES MATRIX

Supervision Levels (Based on the SMART Praxis)	Minor Violation	Moderate Violation	Severe Violation
Basic	Low Response	Low to Medium Response	Medium to High Response
Enhanced	Low to Medium Response	Medium to High Response	High Response
Intensive	Low, Medium or High Response	Medium to High Response	High Response

DEFINITIONS OF RESPONSE

Responses may include one or more of the following actions:

Low Response	Verbal warning; May consult with attorneys; Consult with family members and friends; etc.
Medium Response	Meet with and counsel client; Increase services or supervision levels (increase UA's, BA's, etc); Referral to treatment; May consult with attorneys; Mandatory contact with attorneys on positive schedule 1 and 2 substance screens; Request an imposed curfew; etc.
High Response	Meet with and counsel client; Must send Notice paperwork to the D.A. & notify defense; Contact law enforcement; Request treatment as condition of bond; Request Pretrial Work Release; etc.

This response guide was reviewed and modified by the Pretrial EBDM Stakeholders Group. It was approved for implementation on April 29, 2013 to coincide with the new bond schedule.

TAB 3

CURRENT ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

**JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

In re:)
)
GUIDELINES FOR OWN)
RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE AND)
INTERVIEW CRITERIA FOR)
LAS VEGAS JUSTICES OF THE PEACE)
_____)

ORDER: #2004—PT—1
Revised May 17, 2005
Revised May 7, 2009
Revised May 27, 2009
Revised January 14, 2015

WHEREAS NRS 178.4851 declares that, “upon a showing of good cause, a court may release without bail any person entitled to bail if it appears to the court that it can impose conditions on the person that will adequately protect the health, safety and welfare of the community and ensure that he will appear at all times and places ordered by the court,” and

WHEREAS NRS 178.4853 declares that the Court must consider various factors before releasing a person without bail, and that these factors relate to the person’s ties to the community and the likelihood that the person may willfully fail to appear, and

WHEREAS the Justices of the Peace of the Las Vegas Justice Court have determined that the PreTrial Services Division should be allowed to effectuate a release when a defendant meets certain specific criteria,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the PreTrial Services Division (Intake Specialist, Legal Office Services Supervisor or Management Analyst) may effectuate a release when the defendant meets all of the following criteria:

- (1) The type of arrest is probable cause or warrant of arrest;
- (2) The charges are **non-violent** gross misdemeanors and/or felonies;
- (3) The charges **do not** include any of the following offenses:
 - (a) Identity Theft (and related charges)
 - (b) Larceny from a Person
 - (c) Leaving the Scene of an Accident (felony)
- (4) The defendant has **four or more points**, as defined by the following point scale:

**LAS VEGAS JUSTICE COURT
PRETRIAL SERVICES VERIFICATION POINT SCALE**

CLARK COUNTY RESIDENT POINTS	CATEGORY	NON-CLARK COUNTY RESIDENT POINTS
RESIDENCY		
1	5 YEARS OF RESIDENCE IN CLARK COUNTY	0
CONTINUITY OF ADDRESS		
3	1 YEAR OR MORE OF RESIDENCE AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	2
2	6 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN 1 YEAR, AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	1
1	4 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN 6 MONTHS, AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	0
HOME OWNERSHIP		
1	OWNS A HOME OR PAYS AN EXISTING HOME MORTGAGE	1
TIES TO COMMUNITY		
4	LIVES WITH PARENT(S)/SPOUSE /CHILD(REN) AND HAS MONTHLY CONTACT WITH OTHER FAMILY MEMBERS	3
3	LIVES WITH PARENT(S)/SPOUSE/CHILD(REN)	2
2	LIVES WITH FRIEND AND HAS CONTACT WITH FAMILY ON A MONTHLY BASIS	1
1	LIVES ALONE BUT HAS MONTHLY CONTACT WITH FAMILY	0
EMPLOYMENT		
4	HOMEMAKER WITH CHILD(REN) NOT IN SCHOOL	3
4	ONE YEAR OR MORE IN PRESENT JOB	3
3	6 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR IN PRESENT JOB	2
1	UNEMPLOYED LESS THAN 3 MONTHS	0
1	UNEMPLOYED BECAUSE OF A DISABILITY	0
1	RETIRED AND LIVING ON A PENSION	0
1	HOMEMAKER WITH CHILD(REN) IN SCHOOL	0
STUDENT		
1	FULL TIME STUDENT IN CLARK COUNTY	0

POINT CALCULATION

- A PERSON IS ONLY ELIGIBLE FOR ONE AWARD OF POINTS PER CATEGORY.
- THE MAXIMUM POINT TOTAL THAT CAN BE AWARDED IS +14.

DEDUCTIONS

POINTS

- 5 CURRENTLY ON BOND/PAROLE/PROBATION FOR PENDING FELONY/GROSS MISDEMEANOR CHARGE(S)
- 2 CURRENTLY ON BOND, PROBATION FOR PENDING MISDEMEANOR CHARGE(S)
- 5 PRIOR FAILURE TO APPEAR (EACH ARREST)

PRIOR CONVICTIONS

POINTS

- 2 FELONY (EACH CONVICTION)
- 2 GROSS MISDEMEANOR (EACH CONVICTION)
- 1 MISDEMEANOR (EACH CONVICTION)

RELEASE GUIDELINES

- * If the person is subject to the charges listed on Page 1 of this Order (Section 3), the minimum point total to be recommended for release is +4.
- * If the person is **not** subject to any of the charges listed on Page 1 of this Order (Section 3), the minimum point total to be released by PreTrial Services Staff is +4.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that releases will be effectuated for all probable cause and warrant of arrest **misdemeanors** excluding (1) battery domestic violence, (2) DUI/DWI second offense; or (3) DUI/DWI arrests with prior DUI/DWI convictions, (4) loitering for prostitution, soliciting prostitution, or trespass-vice related.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that judicial approval for own-recognizance release will be required for all defendants who do not meet the criteria established by this Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the original release agreement will be provided to the court for case file on the first judicial day following the completion of the release.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the interview criteria for PreTrial Services be as follows:

- (1) All persons arrested on an arrest warrant regardless of the charges.
- (2) All person arrested on a felony bench warrant where an attorney is not assigned.
- (3) Battery domestic violence probable cause arrests, arrest and bench warrants where the case has not been adjudicated. Reports will be provided to the court at arraignment or 72-hour hearing.

Persons who are arrested for probable cause on the following charges **will not** be interviewed by PreTrial Services:

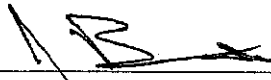
Attempt Murder
Assault with a deadly weapon (AWDW)
Battery with a deadly weapon
Cultivating a controlled substance
Fugitive
Kidnap with a deadly weapon
Kidnap 1st degree
Lewdness with a minor
Loitering for prostitution
Manufacturing a controlled substance
Murder
Parole violation
Possession of controlled substance with intent to sell
Probation violation

Robbery with a deadly weapon
Sale of Controlled Substance
Sexual Assault
Trafficking a controlled substance
Transporting a controlled substance
Violation of Protective (Protection) Order

Arrest warrants for other jurisdictions that are not Clark County such as Pahrump or Reno are not to be interviewed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this AMENDED order shall become effective on **January 16, 2015.**

Dated this 14th day of January, 2015



Joe Bonaventure,
Chief Judge Las Vegas Justice Court

1 JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

2 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

3 IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE MATTER

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 15-05

4 REGARDING MISDEMEANOR

5 RELEASES

6
7 WHEREAS, JCRLV 6.5(b)(5) empowers the Chief Judge to supervise the administrative
8 business of the Court; and

9
10 WHEREAS, Clark County Management has asked the Court to review and revise
11 processes in an effort to alleviate the inmate population and average length of stay at the Clark
12 County Detention Center; and

13
14 WHEREAS, the Chief Judge consulted with various justice partners, including the Las
15 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, the Clark County District Attorney's Office, the Clark
16 County Public Defender's Office, and Nevada Attorneys for Criminal Justice in reviewing,
17 revising, and implementing new procedures; therefore,

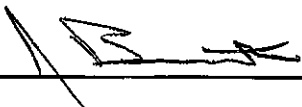
18
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21 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that a defendant who is arrested on one or more
22 misdemeanor charges, and no gross-misdemeanor or felony charges, shall be released on that
23 person's own recognizance 12 hours after arrest, except as otherwise provided in NRS 178.484,
24 if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
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- (1) The defendant is not eligible for a CCDC administrative release pursuant to NRS 211.240;
- (2) The defendant is not eligible for a PreTrial-Services release pursuant to existing guidelines;
- (3) The defendant has not posted bail within 12 hours of arrest; and
- (4) The defendant is **not** arrested for any of the following offenses:
 - (a) Loitering for purposes of prostitution;
 - (b) Engaging in prostitution or soliciting for prostitution;
 - (c) Any crime designated on the Temporary Custody Record as "PROSTITUTION-RELATED" or "VICE-RELATED";
 - (d) Violation of an Order-Out Corridor Order pursuant to CCC 12.05.010-12.05.030;
 - (e) Battery/domestic violence;
 - (f) DUI with prior DUI arrest(s) or conviction(s); or
 - (g) Violation of a Protection Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Administrative Order shall become effective immediately.

Dated this 6th day of May, 2015.



Joe Bonaventure,
Chief Justice of the Peace

1 JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

2 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

3
4 IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE MATTER re: ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 13-01
5 TRAFFIC BENCH WARRANTS¹

6
7 WHEREAS, NRS 178.484(11) declares that "[b]efore releasing a person arrested for any
8 crime, the court may impose such reasonable conditions on the person as it deems necessary to
9 protect the health, safety and welfare of the community and to ensure that the person will appear
10 at all times and places ordered by the court"; and

11
12
13 ~~WHEREAS, in order to alleviate overcrowded conditions at the Clark County Detention~~
14 Center, the Las Vegas Justice Court ("Court") has determined that an expeditious additional
15 "pre-booking" process is necessary for the handling of individuals who are arrested on Traffic
16 Bench Warrants; and

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18
19 WHEREAS, this additional procedure will only apply to the "pre-booking" process and
20 is not intended to supplant existing guidelines for own-recognition releases that are currently
21 being used by the PreTrial Services Division; therefore,

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25 ¹ For the purpose of this Administrative Order, a "Traffic Bench Warrant" is defined as a bench warrant
26 issued after a person has been issued a Traffic Citation for one or more offenses arising under NRS
27 Title 43, with the following exceptions:
28 (1) Driving under the Influence of Alcohol or a Prohibited Substance, under NRS Chapter 484C;
(2) Aggressive Driving (NRS 484B.650);
(3) Reckless Driving or an Offense Involving a Speed Contest (NRS 484B.653); or
(4) Any traffic offense involving death or substantial bodily harm, including, but not limited to,
Vehicular Manslaughter (NRS 484B.657) and Vehicular Homicide (NRS 484C.130).
Any Traffic Citation which contains one or more of the offenses enumerated above will be treated as a
"Criminal" case and will not be subject to this Administrative Order.

1 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that the following additional process shall apply to
2 individuals who are arrested on Traffic Bench Warrants:

3
4 **I. Individuals Arrested on a Traffic Bench Warrant for the *First* or**
5 **Second Time**

6 (A) Staff from the Clark County Detention Services Records' Division shall
7 research the criminal history of the individual in order to determine if warrants
8 from any other jurisdiction(s) are outstanding.

9 (B) If Pretrial Services determines that immediate release of the individual would
10 not be appropriate under existing guidelines, then the provisions of this
11 Administrative Order shall not apply.

12 (C) If, however, PreTrial Services determines prior to booking that the individual
13 is appropriate for potential release under existing guidelines, the individual may
14 elect to pay the outstanding citation(s) in full; if that occurs, the citation(s) will be
15 closed; the court record will reflect a conviction on the related traffic offense(s);
16 and the individual will not have to endure the formal booking process.
17 Alternatively, the individual may be released under the following conditions:

18 (1) The individual must make an immediate payment to the Court as
19 cash bail, as follows:

20 (a) If the outstanding citation(s) for which the individual was
21 arrested has a balance due of **\$1,500.00 or less**, then the
22 individual must pay the amount of **\$150.00** in order to be released
23 without formal booking.

24 (b) If the outstanding citation(s) for which the individual was
25 arrested has a balance due between **\$1,500.01 and**
26 **\$3,000.00**, then the individual must pay the amount of **\$600.00** in
27 order to be released without formal booking.

28 (c) If the outstanding citation(s) for which the individual was
arrested has a balance due between **\$3,000.01 or more**, then the
individual must pay the amount of **\$900.00** in order to be released
without formal booking.

 (2) Upon payment of the above applicable amount, the individual must
sign a written "Acknowledgement" providing:

 (a) The date and time when the individual shall appear before the
Court to resolve the citation(s); and

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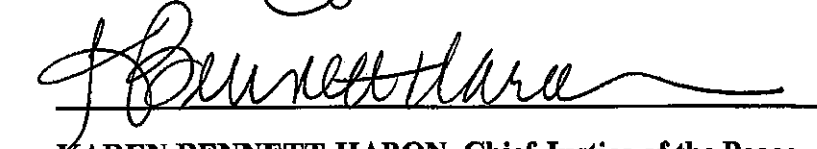
(b) That the individual agrees that if the individual does not return to Court as required, the money posted to secure the individual's release will be forfeited, and further notifying the individual that the Court shall issue another bench warrant which could result in the individual being arrested again.

II. Individuals Who Are Arrested on a Traffic Bench Warrant for the Third or Subsequent Time

Individuals arrested on a Traffic Bench Warrant for the third or subsequent time will not be subject to this Administrative Order. Instead, said individual shall appear before the Court before being released.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that this Order shall become effective on the 10th day of JUNE, 2013.

Dated this 6th day of May, 2013.



KAREN BENNETT-HARON, Chief Justice of the Peace

FILED

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

OCT 20 9 00 AM '15

JUSTICE COURT
LAS VEGAS NEVADA

BY

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4 **IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE MATTER**
5 **REGARDING SCHEDULING OF**
6 **CERTAIN CRIMINAL CASES FOR**
7 **HEARING**

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER # 15-07

**(superseding Administrative Order
#14-01)**

8
9
10 **WHEREAS**, the Chief Judge of the Las Vegas Justice Court currently has a specific
11 calendar for "Q-Cases"¹; and

12
13 **WHEREAS**, the Court has determined that specialized procedures are needed for setting
14 these cases for hearing and for recalling outstanding warrants; therefore,

15
16 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that when a Defendant files a "Motion to Place on
17 Calendar" in a Q-Case for violations involving Clark County Animal Control, the Las Vegas
18 Justice Court Criminal Division shall administratively recall any outstanding bench warrants on
19 that particular case and then schedule the case to be heard by the Chief Judge on the "Q-Case"
20 calendar; and

21
22 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that if a Defendant is arrested on a "Q-Case" involving
23 Clark County Animal Control, and if the Defendant is not in custody on any other criminal cases,
24 the PreTrial Services Division shall release the Defendant on his or her own recognizance and
25 then schedule the case to be heard by the Chief Judge on the "Q-Case" calendar.

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28 ¹ The letter "Q" is the prefix added to particular case numbers in criminal cases for identification purposes.

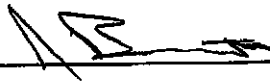
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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all other case types² heard on the "Q-Case" Calendar shall not be subject to the procedures outlined in this Administrative Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Administrative Order shall become effective immediately.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Administrative Order shall supersede and replace Administrative Order #14-01 which is no longer in effect.

Dated this 19th day of October, 2015.



**Joe Bonaventure,
Chief Justice of the Peace**

² The other case types include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (1) Violations involving the Nevada State Contractor's Board;
- (2) Violations involving code-enforcement complaints relating to the Building Code and Zoning Code for Clark County; and
- (3) Violations involving massage businesses and massage establishments under the Clark County Code.

These particular case types are randomly assigned to the department of origin upon the filing of the criminal complaint.

HISTORICAL ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

**The original ORDER 2004-PT-1 is not included
as I no longer have that document.**

**JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

In re:)
)
GUIDELINES FOR OWN)
RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE FOR)
LAS VEGAS JUSTICES OF THE PEACE)
_____)

ORDER: #2004—PT—1
Revised May 17, 2005
Revised May 7, 2009

WHEREAS NRS 178.4851 declares that, “upon a showing of good cause, a court may release without bail any person entitled to bail if it appears to the court that it can impose conditions on the person that will adequately protect the health, safety and welfare of the community and ensure that he will appear at all times and places ordered by the court,” and

WHEREAS NRS 178.4853 declares that the Court must consider various factors before releasing a person without bail, and that these factors relate to the person’s ties to the community and the likelihood that the person may willfully fail to appear, and

WHEREAS the Justices of the Peace of the Las Vegas Justice Court have determined that the PreTrial Services Division should be allowed to effectuate a release when a defendant meets certain specific criteria,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the PreTrial Services Division (Intake Specialist, Legal Office Services Supervisor or Management Analyst) may effectuate a release when the defendant meets all of the following criteria:

- (1) The type of arrest is probable cause or warrant of arrest;
- (2) The charges are **non-violent** gross misdemeanors and/or felonies
- (3) The charges **do not** include any of the following offenses:
 - (a) Identity Theft (and related charges)
 - (b) Larceny from a person
- (4) Drug charges where a complaint has not been filed at time of 72-hour hearing.
- (5) The defendant has **four or more points**, as defined by the following point scale:

**LAS VEGAS JUSTICE COURT
PRETRIAL SERVICES VERIFICATION POINT SCALE**

CLARK COUNTY RESIDENT POINTS	CATEGORY	NON-CLARK COUNTY RESIDENT POINTS
RESIDENCY		
1	5 YEARS OF RESIDENCE IN CLARK COUNTY	0
CONTINUITY OF ADDRESS		
3	1 YEAR OR MORE OF RESIDENCE AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	2
2	6 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN 1 YEAR, AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	1
1	4 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN 6 MONTHS, AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	0
HOME OWNERSHIP		
1	OWNS A HOME OR PAYS AN EXISTING HOME MORTGAGE	1
TIES TO COMMUNITY		
4	LIVES WITH PARENT(S)/SPOUSE /CHILD(REN) AND HAS MONTHLY CONTACT WITH OTHER FAMILY MEMBERS	3
3	LIVES WITH PARENT(S)/SPOUSE/CHILD(REN)	2
2	LIVES WITH FRIEND AND HAS CONTACT WITH FAMILY ON A MONTHLY BASIS	1
1	LIVES ALONE BUT HAS MONTHLY CONTACT WITH FAMILY	0
EMPLOYMENT		
4	HOMEMAKER WITH CHILD(REN) NOT IN SCHOOL	3
4	ONE YEAR OR MORE IN PRESENT JOB	3
3	6 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR IN PRESENT JOB	2
1	UNEMPLOYED LESS THAN 3 MONTHS	0
1	UNEMPLOYED BECAUSE OF A DISABILITY	0
1	RETIRED AND LIVING ON A PENSION	0
1	HOMEMAKER WITH CHILD(REN) IN SCHOOL	0
STUDENT		
1	FULL TIME STUDENT IN CLARK COUNTY	0

POINT CALCULATION

- A PERSON IS ONLY ELIGIBLE FOR ONE AWARD OF POINTS PER CATEGORY.
- THE MAXIMUM POINT TOTAL THAT CAN BE AWARDED IS +14.

DEDUCTIONS

POINTS

- 5 CURRENTLY ON BOND/PAROLE/PROBATION FOR PENDING FELONY/GROSS MISDEMEANOR CHARGE(S)
- 2 CURRENTLY ON BOND, PROBATION FOR PENDING MISDEMEANOR CHARGE(S)
- 5 PRIOR FAILURE TO APPEAR (EACH ARREST)

PRIOR CONVICTIONS

POINTS

- 2 FELONY (EACH CONVICTION)
- 2 GROSS MISDEMEANOR (EACH CONVICTION)
- 1 MISDEMEANOR (EACH CONVICTION)

RELEASE GUIDELINES

- * If the person is subject to the charges listed on Page 1 of this Order (Section 3), the minimum point total to be recommended for release is +4.

- * If the person is **not** subject to any of the charges listed on Page 1 of this Order (Section 3), the minimum point total to be released by PreTrial Services Staff is +4.

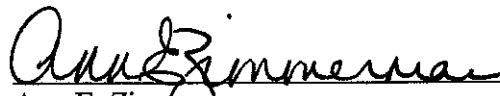
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that releases will be effectuated for all probable cause and warrant of arrest **misdemeanors** excluding (1) battery domestic violence, (2) DUI/DWI second offense; or (3) DUI/DWI arrests with prior DUI/DWI convictions, (4) loitering for prostitution, soliciting prostitution, or trespass-vice related.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that judicial approval for own-recognition release will be required for all defendants who do not meet the criteria established by this Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a copy or the original release agreement will be provide to the court for case file
(1) On the first judicial day following the completion of the release.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this AMENDED order shall become effective on
May 12, 2009.

Dated this 12 day of May, 2009


Ann E. Zimmerman,
Chief Judge Las Vegas Justice Court

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FILED

2009 MAY 29 A 10:53

In re:)
)
GUIDELINES FOR OWN)
RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE AND)
INTERVIEW CRITERIA FOR)
LAS VEGAS JUSTICES OF THE PEACE)

JUSTICE COURT
LAS VEGAS NEVADA

ORDER: #2004--- PT---1
Revised May 17, 2005
Revised May 7, 2009
Revised May 27, 2009

WHEREAS NRS 178.4851 declares that, "upon a showing of good cause, a court may release without bail any person entitled to bail if it appears to the court that it can impose conditions on the person that will adequately protect the health, safety and welfare of the community and ensure that he will appear at all times and places ordered by the court," and

WHEREAS NRS 178.4853 declares that the Court must consider various factors before releasing a person without bail, and that these factors relate to the person's ties to the community and the likelihood that the person may willfully fail to appear, and

WHEREAS the Justices of the Peace of the Las Vegas Justice Court have determined that the Pre-Trial Services Division should be allowed to effectuate a release when a defendant meets certain specific criteria,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the Pre-Trial Services Division (Intake Specialist, Legal Office Services Supervisor or Management Analyst) may effectuate a release when the defendant meets all of the following criteria:

- (1) The type of arrest is probable cause or warrant of arrest;
- (2) The charges are **non-violent** gross misdemeanors and/or felonies
- (3) The charges **do not** include any of the following offenses:
 - (a) Identity Theft (and related charges)
 - (b) Larceny from a Person

(4) The defendant has four or more points, as defined by the following point scale:

**LAS VEGAS JUSTICE COURT
PRE-TRIAL SERVICES VERIFICATION POINT SCALE**

CLARK COUNTY RESIDENT POINTS	CATEGORY	NON-CLARK COUNTY RESIDENT POINTS
RESIDENCY		
1	5 YEARS OF RESIDENCE IN CLARK COUNTY	0
CONTINUITY OF ADDRESS		
3	1 YEAR OR MORE OF RESIDENCE AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	2
2	6 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN 1 YEAR, AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	1
1	4 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN 6 MONTHS, AT PRESENT ADDRESS, AND VERIFIED TELEPHONE NUMBER	0
HOME OWNERSHIP		
1	OWNS A HOME OR PAYS AN EXISTING HOME MORTGAGE	1
TIES TO COMMUNITY		
4	LIVES WITH PARENT(S)/SPOUSE /CHILD(REN) AND HAS MONTHLY CONTACT WITH OTHER FAMILY MEMBERS	3
3	LIVES WITH PARENT(S)/SPOUSE/CHILD(REN)	2
2	LIVES WITH FRIEND AND HAS CONTACT WITH FAMILY ON A MONTHLY BASIS	1
1	LIVES ALONE BUT HAS MONTHLY CONTACT WITH FAMILY	0
EMPLOYMENT		
4	HOMEMAKER WITH CHILD(REN) NOT IN SCHOOL	3
4	ONE YEAR OR MORE IN PRESENT JOB	3
3	6 MONTHS OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR IN PRESENT JOB	2
1	UNEMPLOYED LESS THAN 3 MONTHS	0
1	UNEMPLOYED BECAUSE OF A DISABILITY	0
1	RETIRED AND LIVING ON A PENSION	0
1	HOMEMAKER WITH CHILD(REN) IN SCHOOL	0
STUDENT		
1	FULL TIME STUDENT IN CLARK COUNTY	0

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POINT CALCULATION

-- A PERSON IS ONLY ELIGIBLE FOR ONE AWARD OF POINTS PER CATEGORY.
-- THE MAXIMUM POINT TOTAL THAT CAN BE AWARDED IS +14.

DEDUCTIONS

POINTS

- 5 CURRENTLY ON BOND/PAROLE/PROBATION FOR PENDING FELONY/GROSS MISDEMEANOR CHARGE(S)
- 2 CURRENTLY ON BOND, PROBATION FOR PENDING MISDEMEANOR CHARGE(S)
- 5 PRIOR FAILURE TO APPEAR (EACH ARREST)

PRIOR CONVICTIONS

POINTS

- 2 FELONY (EACH CONVICTION)
- 2 GROSS MISDEMEANOR (EACH CONVICTION)
- 1 MISDEMEANOR (EACH CONVICTION)

RELEASE GUIDELINES

- * If the person is subject to the charges listed on Page 1 of this Order (Section 3), the minimum point total to be recommended for release is +4.
- * If the person is **not** subject to any of the charges listed on Page 1 of this Order (Section 3), the minimum point total to be released by Pre-Trial Services Staff is +4.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that releases will be effectuated for all probable cause and warrant of arrest **misdemeanors** excluding (1) Battery Domestic Violence, (2) DUI/DWI, Second Offense; or (3) DUI/DWI arrests with prior DUI/DWI convictions, (4) Loitering for the Purpose of Prostitution, Soliciting Prostitution, or Trespass – Vice-Related.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that judicial approval for own-recognition release will be required for all defendants who do not meet the criteria established by this Order.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the original release agreement will be provide to the Court for case file on the first judicial day following the completion of the release.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the interview criteria for Pre-Trial Services be as follows:

- (1) All persons arrested on an arrest warrant regardless of the charges.
- (2) All person arrested on a felony bench warrant where an attorney is not assigned.
- (3) Battery domestic violence probable cause arrests, arrest and bench warrants where the case has not been adjudicated. Reports will be provided to the court at arraignment or 72-hour hearing.

Persons who are arrested for probable cause on the following charges **will not** be interviewed by Pre-Trial Services:

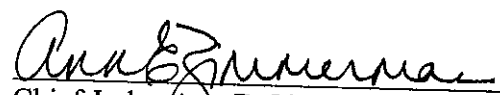
- Attempt Murder
- Assault With a Deadly Weapon (AWDW)
- Battery With a Deadly Weapon
- Cultivating a Controlled Substance
- Fugitive
- Kidnapping With a Deadly Weapon
- Kidnapping - 1st Degree
- Lewdness With a Minor
- Manufacturing a Controlled Substance
- Murder
- Parole Violation
- Possession of Controlled Substance with Intent to Sell
- Probation Violation
- Robbery With a Deadly Weapon
- Sale of Controlled Substance
- Sexual Assault
- Trafficking in a Controlled Substance
- Transporting a Controlled Substance
- Violation of Protective (Protection) Order

Arrest warrants for jurisdictions other than Clark County such as Pahrump or Reno will not be interviewed.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this AMENDED ORDER shall become effective on
May 28, 2009.

Dated this 28 day of May, 2009



Chief Judge Ann E. Zimmerman,
Las Vegas Justice Court

1 **IN THE MUNICIPAL COURT OF THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS**
2 **COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA**

3
4 **In re:**)
)
5 **OWN RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE CRITERIA**)
)

)
)
)
)
6 **ORDER**

7 **IT IS ORDERED** that a release on own recognizance (OR) may be effected:

- 8 1. Any time an OR release of a defendant is expressly ordered by a Judge of the City of Las Vegas
- 9 Municipal Court, or the Clark County District or Justice Courts.
- 10 2. When medical staff of the Jail makes a formal written request for release for the necessity of
- 11 hospital transport due to medical reasons and the case is not a Battery Domestic Violence,
- 12 Violation of Restraining Order, Harassment, Stalking, Coercion, or not in Bench Warrant for
- 13 more than two times, nor is currently sentenced
- 14 3. When the Director of Detention and Enforcement or his designated representative makes a formal
- 15 written request to a Judge of the Municipal Court or to the Court Administrator when such release
- 16 is deemed necessary to relieve severe jail overcrowding.
- 17 4. In pre-arraignment delay (PAD) situations when the defendant’s Probable Cause charge has not
- 18 or cannot be reviewed within 48-hours of arrest.

19 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that an OR release may be effected by staff of the Municipal Court Pre-

20 Trial Services Unit with the following exceptions:

- 21 1. **Driving Under the Influence**
- 22 Release is to be considered only after a minimum of 12 hours has elapsed, if the defendant has a
- 23 breath alcohol content of less than .04, has had no previous DUI convictions within the past 7-
- 24 year period and at time of arrest had a breath alcohol content (BAC) of less than .20.
- 25 2. **Domestic Violence, Battery/Domestic Violence**
- NO OR ON DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES**
- 3. **Battery, Battery on a Public Officer (PO)**
- Release on a Battery and Battery on a PO is to be considered after a minimum of 12 hours has
- elapsed for first-time offenders only.
- 5. **Probable Cause Violation of All Order Out of Corridor**
- 6. **Violation of Restraining Order**
- 7. **Harassment and Stalking, and Coercion**

- 1 8. Active Warrants in Another Jurisdiction
- 2 9. Identified as Having a Mental Health (MH) Condition Unless cleared by the Jail's Mental
- 3 Health staff.
- 4 10. More than two Failure to Appear (FTA), or Warrant of Arrest (WA), or Failure to Comply
- 5 (FTC), in Court Within the Past 12-Month Period
- 6 11. More than one Bench Warrant (BW) in Court Within the Past 12-Month Period
- 7 12. An Active OR Release is in Effect
- 8 13. Identity Cannot be Determined
- 9 14. A Felony Conviction Within the Past 5 Years
- 10 15. Parolees or Probationers Where a Detainer has been Placed by Parole & Probation
- 11 16. Two or More Prior Criminal Arrests Within the Past 6 Months
- 12 17. Arrested Within 6 Months of Release from Custody After Serving a Sentence at the City of
- 13 Las Vegas Detention & Enforcement Facility
- 14 18. Not a Resident of Clark County

15 This Order supersedes that certain Order regarding Own Recognizance Release Criteria executed,
and effective, on June 28, 2004, as to all matters set forth therein.

17 Signed Order on File
18 Bert M. Brown, Chief Judge

June 24, 2008
Date

20 Effective the 24th day of June, 2008

23 To request a signed "hard copy" of
24 this Order, contact the Las Vegas
25 Municipal Court Administrative office
at 702-229-4673

IN THE MUNICIPAL COURT OF THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS
COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA

<p>In re: TRAFFIC CASE - OWN RECOGNIZANCE (OR) RELEASE CRITERIA</p>	<p>))))))</p>	<p>JUDICIAL/ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER REF: JO-2.23 Effective Date: March 1, 2016 <u>Cross Reference: JO 1.76</u></p>
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IT IS ORDERED that a defendant detained solely for a traffic case shall be released on their own recognizance (OR) under the following circumstances:

1. Any time such release is expressly ordered by a Judge of the Las Vegas Municipal Court, or the Clark County District or Justice Courts.
2. When medical staff of the Jail makes a formal written request for release for the necessity of hospital transport due to medical reasons and the defendant has not been in Bench Warrant status for more than two times on the instant case, nor is currently sentenced for the instant case.
3. In pre-arraignment delay (PAD) situations when the defendant’s Probable Cause charge has not or cannot be reviewed within 48 hours of arrest.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that an OR release may be granted administratively by staff of the Municipal Court Pre-Trial Services Unit UNLESS any of the following circumstances are found to exist:

1. The defendant has Active Warrants in Another Jurisdiction; or
2. The defendant has an Active Bond Forfeiture; or
3. The defendant has been identified as having a Mental Health (MH) Condition unless cleared by the Jail’s Mental Health staff; or
4. The Defendant has been arrested in another jurisdiction for a Failure to Appear charge within the last twelve (12) months; or
5. The Defendant has three or more Failure to Appear Bench Warrants (BWs) issued by the Las Vegas Municipal Court within the last twelve months; or
6. The defendant was under a current Own Recognizance release at the time of the incident giving rise to the current incarceration; or
7. The identity of the defendant cannot be determined; or
8. The defendant has a Felony Conviction for a crime against a person within the past 3 years, or is currently under any form of supervision as a result of a felony conviction in the past;
or

- 1 9. The defendant is a Parolee or Probationer and a Detainer has been placed by Parole &
2 Probation; or
3 10. The defendant has two or more prior non-traffic criminal arrests within the past 6 months;
4 or
5 11. The defendant is not a resident of Clark County and residence cannot be confirmed.

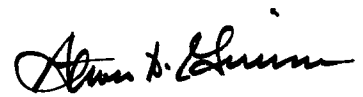
6 Any defendants granted an OR release under this Order shall be required to appear at Las Vegas Municipal Court –
7 Traffic Court the next business day.

8 
9 _____
Cedric A. Kerns, Chief Judge

10 3/1/16
11 _____
Date

12 Effective the 1st day of March, 2016

13
14 *To request a signed "hard copy" of this Order,*
15 *contact the Las Vegas Municipal Court Administrative*
16 *office at 702-229-4673*



CLERK OF THE COURT

1 ORDR
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5 DISTRICT COURT
6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
7

8 In the Matter of the Application of the
9 Sheriff of Clark County Regarding the
10 Population of the Clark County
11 Detention Center

CASE NO. 02A451116
DEPT NO. XVIII

12 ORDER
13

14 The Motion to Reconsider Application for an Order to Release Without Bail, filed by
15 Martina Geinzer, Assistant General Counsel, on behalf of Clark County Sheriff Joseph
16 Lombardo, having come before the Court on June 13, 2016. The Court having heard
17 argument from counsel and reading the papers and pleadings on file herein finds:
18

19 The Clark County Sheriff operates and maintains the Clark County jail through the
20 Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Detention Services Division ("DSD"). The jail
21 includes the Clark County Detention Center ("CCDC") and the North Valley Complex
22 ("NVC"), with a combined total capacity of 3,706 beds for inmates.
23

24 The Clark County jail reports that its daily inmate count has consistently been above
25 3,800 inmates for the past four weeks. The Sheriff brings this motion on shortened time
26 based on the emergent circumstances of inmate overcrowding at the Clark County jail. In
27
28

1 the motion for reconsideration the Sheriff asks for an expansion of this Court's prior order of
2 October 22, 2015, to allow the DSD to release without bail non-violent pretrial inmates held
3 on gross misdemeanor and felony charges falling under specific categories. The Sheriff's
4 motion is made based upon NRS 178.4851(1) which states:

5
6 **178.4851 Release without bail; imposition of conditions; arrest for
7 violation of condition.**

8 1. Upon a showing of good cause, a court may release without bail any person
9 entitled to bail if it appears to the court that it can impose conditions on the person
10 that will adequately protect the health, safety and welfare of the community and
11 ensure that the person will appear at all times and places ordered by the court.

12 This Court heard credible testimony that the Clark County jail is operating in an
13 overcrowded condition thereby implicating safety and security concerns and potentially the
14 constitutional rights of inmates. The Clark County District Attorney submits this Court has
15 authority pursuant to NRS 178.4851(1) for release without bail. Additionally, the Court
16 looks to *Hunter v. Gang*, 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 22 (2016) for inherent judicial authority and has
17 considered Administrative Order 02-1 in which then Chief Judge Gibbons acted in a similar
18 situation in 2002 and cited to circumstances in which certain constitutional rights of inmates
19 may be impacted due to crowded conditions within the Clark County Detention Center. The
20 Court has had the opportunity to confer with Court Administrators of the District Court and
21 Las Vegas Township Justice Courts, the District Attorney's Office, and the Clark County
22 Public Defender's Office. This Court, having taken into account the authority referenced
23 above and the factors set forth in NRS 178.4853, finds good cause under NRS 178.4851(1)
24 to GRANT the Sheriff's motion and allow the Sheriff to release without bail certain inmates
25 based on release priority to reduce the Clark County jail population. The Sheriff shall utilize
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1 the following release priority from highest, (1), to lowest, (7), and shall not release inmates
2 from a lower release priority classification until all qualified inmates from the higher
3 classification above it have been released. The release of inmates under this order shall
4 cease when the inmate population falls below 3,336.

5
6 Now, therefore, it is **HEREBY ORDERED** that the release priority for inmate
7 release without bail is as follows:

8 (1) Pretrial inmates held on a new arrest of a single misdemeanor or gross
9 misdemeanor charge involving a non-violent offense except DUI, Battery, Battery
10 Domestic Violence, Violation of a Temporary Protective Order, Open and Gross
11 Lewdness, or Weapons-related charges. These inmates may be released on their
12 own recognizance pending their next court date.

13
14 (2) Pretrial inmates held on a new arrest of a single charge of Possession of a
15 Controlled Substance, Under the Influence of a Controlled Substance, or
16 Possession of Drug Paraphernalia. These inmates may be released on their own
17 recognizance pending their next court date.

18
19 (3) Pretrial inmates held on a new arrest or arrests of multiple non-violent
20 misdemeanor charges not including DUI, Battery, Battery Domestic Violence,
21 Violation of a Temporary Protective Order, Open and Gross Lewdness, or
22 Weapons-related charges. These inmates may be released on their own
23 recognizance pending their next court date.

24
25 (4) Pretrial inmates held on a new arrest or arrests of multiple charges of Possession
26 of a Controlled Substance, Under the Influence of a Controlled Substance, or
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28

1 Possession of Drug Paraphernalia. These inmates may be released on their own
2 recognizance pending their next court date.

3 (5) Inmates held on Contempt of Court charges in URESA-related cases must make
4 an initial appearance in Family Court before they can be released. These inmates
5 may then be released through the DSD House Arrest or Day Arrest Program after
6 serving 72 hours of their sentence.

7
8 (6) Inmates awaiting sentencing on a single charge of Possession of a Controlled
9 Substance, Under the Influence of a Controlled Substance, or Possession of Drug
10 Paraphernalia. These inmates may be released on their own recognizance pending
11 their sentencing date.

12
13 (7) Inmates awaiting sentencing on multiple charges of Possession of a Controlled
14 Substance, Under the Influence of a Controlled Substance, or Possession of Drug
15 Paraphernalia. These inmates may be released on their own recognizance pending
16 their sentencing date.

17
18 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that prior to releasing any inmate pursuant to the
19 above priorities, the staff at DSD shall review the inmate's criminal history. Inmates that
20 have an arrest record which includes the following shall be excluded from release without
21 bail under this order:

- 22
23
- 24 • Arrest or citation for a sexual offense within the past three years; or
 - 25 • Arrest, citation, or allegation involving violence within the past three years; or
 - 26 • Any conviction for a sexual offense or violent crime.

27 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that pursuant to NRS 178.4851(4), prior to releasing
28

1 any inmate pursuant to the above standards, the staff at DSD shall have the inmate sign a
2 document stating that:

- 3 • The inmate will appear at all times and places as ordered by the court releasing the
4 inmate and as ordered by any court before which the charge is subsequently heard;
- 5 • The inmate will comply with the other conditions which have been imposed by the
6 court and are stated in the document;
- 7 • If the inmate fails to appear when so ordered and is taken into custody outside of
8 this State, the inmate waives all rights relating to extradition proceedings; and
- 9 • The inmate understands that any court of competent jurisdiction may revoke the
10 order of release without bail and may order the inmate into custody or require the
11 inmate to furnish bail or otherwise ensure the protection of the health, safety and
12 welfare of the community or the inmate's appearance.

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16 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that a representative of the Clark County Sheriff shall
17 appear before the Chief Judge of the District Court in one year for a determination regarding
18 whether to terminate or extend the Sheriff's release authority under this order. A status
19 check is set for the 14th day of July, 2017, at the hour of 8:30 a.m.

20
21 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the Sheriff shall file a written report with the
22 Clerk of the Court on or before the tenth (10th) day of each month detailing the number of
23 persons released the prior month under this order and the number of persons released within
24 each release priority category set forth herein. A status check on receipt of the first monthly
25 report is set for the 14th day of July, 2016, at the hour of 8:30 a.m. in Department XVIII,
26 courtroom 11C.
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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this order may be reviewed, modified, or terminated at the Court's discretion at any time, with appropriate notice to the Sheriff.

DATED this 14th day of June, 2016.



DAVID BARKER,
CHIEF DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

I hereby certify that on the date filed, a copy of this Order was electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court EFP system, or, if no e-mail was provided, placed in the Clerk's Office attorney folder for:

Martina Geinzer, Esq. (LVMPD)


CHERYL CARPENTER, Judicial Assistant

TAB 4

Supreme Court of Nevada
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

ROBIN SWEET
Director and
State Court Administrator



JOHN MCCORMICK
Assistant Court Administrator
Judicial Programs and Services

RICHARD A. STEFANI
Deputy Director
Information Technology

JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

"To unite and promote Nevada's judiciary as an equal, independent and effective branch of government."

Committee to Study Evidence-Based Pretrial Release

Subcommittee to Study Bail Schedules

July 20, 2016

Members Present

Judge Simons (Chair)
John Boes
Judge Bonaventure
Paul Caruso
Judge Higgins
Judge Pearson
Judge Tiras

AOC Staff

Jamie Gradick

- I. Call to Order
 - Judge Simons called the meeting to order at 2:35 p.m. and welcomed attendees.
- II. Review of Bail Schedule Comparison Spreadsheet
 - Judge Simons provided a brief overview of the bail schedule comparison spreadsheets provided as materials for this meeting.
 - Spreadsheets provide analysis of bails amounts for the “top 30” offenses and document the discrepancies among the various jurisdictions as well as the low, high, and average values.
 - Discussion was held regarding the varying set up of each bail schedule depending upon jurisdiction.
- III. Analysis of Disparity Between Bail Schedules
 - Judge Simons asked attendees for input regarding why some offenses have such large amount ranges (burglary, etc.)
 - Discussion was held regarding large disparities on bail amounts for drug related offenses, attempted murder, and sexual assault crimes.
- IV. Discussion Regarding the Utility/Feasibility of a Statewide “Model” or “Uniform” Bail Schedule
 - Concern was expressed regarding “push back” on implementing a uniform, statewide bail schedule.
 - Bails scheduled are “utilized” differently across the state, it’s not just a matter of unifying the amounts but also, the process has to be taken into consideration.

Supreme Court Building ♦ 201 South Carson Street, Suite 250 ♦ Carson City, Nevada 89701 ♦ (775) 684-1700 • Fax (775) 684-1723

Regional Justice Center ♦ 200 Lewis Avenue, 17th floor ♦ Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

- What’s a “starting point” in one county may be concrete in another jurisdiction.
- Judge Higgins commented that bail is often set on an “individual” basis, not by statute; there needs to be a degree of flexibility to meet the needs of each case as the case progresses.
- Judge Higgins commented that some jurisdictions update their bail schedules regularly while others do not; this adds to large discrepancies.
- Discussion was held regarding whether bail uniformity is a goal of the Committee to Study Evidence-Based Pretrial Release. Ms. Gradick informed attendees that the topic has come up during the NPRA Implementation Protocol Subcommittee discussions but the full Committee is waiting on the input/work of this bails schedule subcommittee before moving forward.
- Attendees were in general agreement that mandating a uniform schedule would be met with a significant amount of resistance.
 - A suggestion was made that the group recommend a “model” bail schedule.
 - Judge Tiras commented that what is appropriate in one jurisdiction may not work in another; if we are going to suggest a “model” bail schedule, then perhaps the group should provide a model schedule for urban jurisdictions and a different one for rural areas.
 - A comment was made that, statutorily, the punishment is the same for the offense across the state and asked for insight into why the urban and rural counties would need differing bail schedules.
 - Discussion was held regarding the need to acknowledge the “perception” of the seriousness of the offense in each jurisdiction; this often leads to higher bail amounts in the rural areas even though the limited resources available in those areas could support the argument that the bail amounts should be lower.
 - Judge Tiras commented that, in many instances, the rural courts may have “better access” to their defendants than the urban courts do.
- Discussion was held regarding the need for all jurisdictions to re-evaluate the reasoning/justifications behind the bail amounts they’ve set, especially in comparison to the amounts set in jurisdictions across the state.
- Attendees commented that adopting a “model bail schedule” that still allows each jurisdiction a degree of flexibility would be a strong recommendation.
 - Discussion was held regarding whether the subcommittee would be tasked with developing the model schedule and how that would be addressed. Judge Tiras suggested that, as the model is developed, all “court sizes” are represented and asked for input in the process.
 - Mr. Boes commented that, as a citizen, he appreciates the flexibility each jurisdiction has to address certain crimes within that area.
 - Judge Bonaventure reminded attendees that, in developing the model, the group will need to consider statutory requirements.
 - Judge Higgins suggested that the subcommittee “keep it simple” as it develops a model schedule.

V. Other Discussion Items

- Brief discussion was held regarding the possibility of needing to evaluate fines and fees at some point in the future.

		LOW	HIGH	AVERAGE
Burglary	NRS 205.060	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 17,832.48
Forgery	NRS 205.090	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 4,706.35
Grand Larceny	NRS 205.222	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 15,644.98
Grand Larceny of MV	NRS 205.228	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 15,644.98
Possession of CS	NRS 453.337	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 4,625.63
Transportation of CS	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 17,013.89
Possession of CS for Sales	NRS 453.338	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 7,155.36
Sale of CS	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 17,013.89
Trafficking 4-14	NRS 453.3385	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 40,839.29
Trafficking 14-28	NRS 453.3385	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 62,788.69
Trafficking 28+	NRS 453.3385	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 150,305.56
Attempted Murder	NRS 200.030	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 1,000,000.00	\$ 161,805.56
Voluntary Manslaughter	NRS 200.050	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 43,194.44
BDW w/ SBH	NRS 200.481	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 28,828.51
BDW	NRS 200.481	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 25,293.99
ADW	NRS 200.471	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 18,556.68
Sexual Assault	NRS 200.366	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 104,472.22
Sexual Assault w/ SBH	NRS 200.366	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 191,111.11
Statutory Sexual Seduction	NRS 200.368	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 11,706.35
Open or gross lewdness	NRS 201.210	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 3,687.50
Lewdness w/ child under 16	NRS 201.230	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 144,305.56
Eluding (Felony)	NRS 484B.550	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 20,243.06
Poss. Of CC w/o consent	NRS 205.690	\$ 1,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 4,581.35
Gaming Fraud	NRS 465.070	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 13,428.57
Robbery	NRS 200.380	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 32,549.74
Robbery w/ DW	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 57,926.72
Poss. Of Child Porn	NRS 200.730	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 35,446.43
Child Abuse	NRS 200.508	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 38,204.50
Child Abuse w/ SBH	NRS 200.508	\$ 2,503.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 105,465.25
Embezzlement	NRS 205.300	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,793.65

MEDIAN

\$ 20,000.00
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\$ 150,000.00
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\$ 12,500.00
\$ 20,000.00
\$ 75,000.00
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\$ 10,000.00

OFFENSE	NRS	Las Vegas JC/MC	Reno JC/MC	Henderson JC/MC	N. Las Vegas JC/MC	Sparks JC/MC	Carson City JC	LOW	HIGH	AVERAGE	MEDIAN	MODE
Burglary Cat. B	NRS 205.060	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 15,833.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Forgery Cat. D	NRS 205.090	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 4,416.67	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Grand Larceny Cat. B	NRS 205.222	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 15,833.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Grand Larceny of MV Cat. B	NRS 205.228	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 15,833.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Possession of CS Cat. E	NRS 453.336	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 3,583.33	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Transportation of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 14,166.67	\$ 12,500.00	\$ 10,000.00
Possession of CS for Sales Cat. D	NRS 453.338	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 5,666.67	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Sale of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 14,166.67	\$ 17,500.00	\$ 10,000.00
Trafficking 4-14 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Trafficking 14-28 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 24,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Trafficking 28+ Cat. A	NRS 453.3385	SET IN COURT	\$ 75,000.00	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 75,000.00	N/A	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00
Attempted Murder Cat. B	NRS 200.030	SET IN COURT	\$ 75,000.00	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 58,333.33	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00
Voluntary Manslaughter Cat. B	NRS 200.050	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 15,833.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
BDW w/ SBH Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 21,666.67	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
BDW Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 16,666.67	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
ADW Cat. B	NRS 200.471	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	N/A
Sexual Assault Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	\$ 15,000.00	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 43,333.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
Sexual Assault w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	\$ 50,000.00	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 116,666.67	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
Statutory Sexual Seduction Cat. B	NRS 200.368	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 11,666.67	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Open or gross lewdness GM	NRS 201.210	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 3,916.67	\$ 3,500.00	\$ 2,000.00
Lewdness w/ child under 14 Cat. A	NRS 201.230	SET IN COURT	NO BAIL	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	NO BAIL	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
Eluding (Felony) Cat. B	NRS 484B.550	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 18,333.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Poss. Of CC w/o consent Cat. D	NRS 205.690	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 4,416.67	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Gaming Fraud Cat. B	NRS 465.070	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 9,333.33	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Robbery Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 23,333.33	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery w/ DW Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 23,333.33	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Poss. Of Child Porn Cat. B	NRS 200.730	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 28,333.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Child Abuse Cat. B	NRS 200.508	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 23,333.33	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Child Abuse w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.508	SET IN COURT	NO BAIL	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	NO BAIL	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
Embezzlement Cat. B	NRS 205.300	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 9,166.67	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00

OFFENSE	NRS	Elko JC/MC	East Fork JC	Pahrump JC	New River JC/ Fallon MC	Union JC	Canal JC/Fernley MC	Walker River JC/ Yerington MC	Dayton JC	Boulder JC/MC	LOW	HIGH	AVERAGE	MEDIAN	MODE	
Burglary Cat. B	NRS 205.060	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	N/A	\$	10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
Forgery Cat. D	NRS 205.080	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 4,714.29	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Grand Larceny Cat. B	NRS 205.222	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	N/A	\$	5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 19,375.38	\$ 25,000.00
Grand Larceny of MV Cat. B	NRS 205.228	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	N/A	\$	5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 19,375.38	\$ 25,000.00
Possession of CS Cat. E	NRS 453.336	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,003.00	N/A	\$	7,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,062.88	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Transportation of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	15,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 17,857.14	\$ 20,000.00
Possession of CS for Sales Cat. D	NRS 453.338	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 7,571.43	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Sale of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	15,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 17,857.14	\$ 20,000.00
Trafficking 4-14 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	50,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 57,857.14	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Trafficking 14-28 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 75,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 85,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Trafficking 28+ Cat. A	NRS 453.3385	\$ 250,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 175,000.00	\$ 175,000.00
Attempted Murder Cat. B	NRS 200.030	\$ 100,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	1,000,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	NO BAIL	NO BAIL	NO BAIL	SET IN COURT	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 1,000,000.00	\$ 400,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Voluntary Manslaughter Cat. B	NRS 200.050	\$ 100,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	25,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 44,285.71	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
BDW w/ SBH Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	N/A	\$	50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$	30,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 32,875.38	\$ 30,000.00
BDW Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	N/A	\$	30,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$	30,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 29,125.38	\$ 30,000.00
ADW Cat. B	NRS 200.471	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	N/A	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 18,500.38	\$ 20,000.00
Sexual Assault Cat. A	NRS 200.366	\$ 150,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 125,000.00
Sexual Assault w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.366	\$ 250,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$	250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Statutory Sexual Seduction Cat. B	NRS 200.368	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	15,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$	10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 10,714.29	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Open or gross lewdness GM	NRS 201.210	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$	2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,500.00	\$ 2,500.00
Lewdness w/ child under 14 Cat. A	NRS 201.230	\$ 250,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	150,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 158,333.33	\$ 125,000.00
Eluding (Felony) Cat. B	NRS 4848.550	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$	75,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 27,500.00	\$ 20,000.00
Poss. Of CC w/o consent Cat. D	NRS 205.690	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 4,714.29	\$ 5,000.00
Gaming Fraud Cat. B	NRS 465.070	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 16,071.43	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	N/A	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$	40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 41,500.38	\$ 40,000.00
Robbery w/ DW Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	N/A	\$	50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 77,500.38	\$ 100,000.00
Poss. Of Child Porn Cat. B	NRS 200.730	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$	100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 52,857.14	\$ 20,000.00
Child Abuse Cat. B	NRS 200.508	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 2,503.00	N/A	\$	5,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$	2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 29,375.38	\$ 3,751.50
Child Abuse w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.508	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 2,503.00	N/A	\$	10,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$	75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 2,503.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 105,357.57	\$ 75,000.00
Embezzlement Cat. B	NRS 205.300	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$	5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$	10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 12,142.86	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00

OFFENSE	NRS	Mesquite JC/MC	Laughlin JC	Ely JC/Ely MC	HAWTHORNE JC	EASTLINE JC/WENDOVER MC	LAKE JC	ARGENTA JC	INCLINE VILLAGE JC	LOW	HIGH	AVERAGE	MEDIAN	MODE
Burglary Cat. B	NRS 205.060	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 21,875.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Forgery Cat. D	NRS 205.090	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Grand Larceny Cat. B	NRS 205.222	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Grand Larceny of MV Cat. B	NRS 205.228	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Possession of CS Cat. E	NRS 453.336	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 4,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Transportation of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 21,250.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Possession of CS for Sales Cat. D	NRS 453.338	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 6,875.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 10,000.00
Sale of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 21,250.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Trafficking 4-14 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 32,500.00	\$ 22,500.00	N/A
Trafficking 14-28 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 61,875.00	\$ 62,500.00	\$ 100,000.00
Trafficking 28+ Cat. A	NRS 453.3385	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 195,833.33	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Attempted Murder Cat. B	NRS 200.030	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 500,000.00	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 500,000.00	\$ 175,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Voluntary Manslaughter Cat. B	NRS 200.050	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 55,714.29	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
BDW w/ SBH Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 38,750.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
BDW Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 36,250.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
ADW Cat. B	NRS 200.471	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 34,375.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Sexual Assault Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	N/A	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 143,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00
Sexual Assault w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	N/A	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 210,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Statutory Sexual Seduction Cat. B	NRS 200.368	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 15,714.29	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Open or gross lewdness GM	NRS 201.210	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,875.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Lewdness w/ child under 14 Cat. A	NRS 201.230	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	NO BAIL	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Eluding (Felony) Cat. B	NRS 4848.550	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 32,625.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Poss. Of CC w/o consent Cat. D	NRS 205.690	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Gaming Fraud Cat. B	NRS 465.070	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 19,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery w/ DW Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 51,250.00	\$ 50,000.00	N/A
Poss. Of Child Porn Cat. B	NRS 200.730	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 31,250.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Child Abuse Cat. B	NRS 200.508	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 60,625.00	\$ 62,500.00	N/A
Child Abuse w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.508	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	NO BAIL	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 175,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Embezzlement Cat. B	NRS 205.300	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 13,214.29	\$ 10,000.00	N/A

OFFENSE	NRS	GOODSPRINGS JC	CARLIN JC/MC	WELLS JC/MC	TONOPAH JC	VIRGINIA CITY JC	MOAPA VALLEY JC	Tahoe JC	LOW	HIGH	AVERAGE	MEDIAN	MODE
Burglary Cat. B	NRS 205.060	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 16,429.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Forgery Cat. D	NRS 205.090	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	N/A	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,916.67	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Grand Larceny Cat. B	NRS 205.222	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 16,429.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Grand Larceny of MV Cat. B	NRS 205.228	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,003.00	\$ 16,429.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Possession of CS Cat. E	NRS 453.336	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,003.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,143.29	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Transportation of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	N/A
Possession of CS for Sales Cat. D	NRS 453.338	\$ 3,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	N/A	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 6,200.00	\$ 5,000.00	N/A
Sale of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	N/A
Trafficking 4-14 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 32,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Trafficking 14-28 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 58,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	N/A
Trafficking 28+ Cat. A	NRS 453.3385	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 200,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Attempted Murder Cat. B	NRS 200.030	SET IN COURT	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	NO BAIL	SET IN COURT	N/A	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Voluntary Manslaughter Cat. B	NRS 200.050	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 43,333.33	\$ 62,500.00	N/A
BDW w/ SBH Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 25,429.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
BDW Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 22,571.86	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
ADW Cat. B	NRS 200.471	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 3,003.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 13,286.14	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
Sexual Assault Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 102,500.00	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 150,000.00
Sexual Assault w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	SET IN COURT	N/A	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 200,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Statutory Sexual Seduction Cat. B	NRS 200.368	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Open or gross lewdness GM	NRS 201.210	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,000.00	N/A	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,583.33	\$ 3,750.00	\$ 5,000.00
Lewdness w/ child under 14 Cat. A	NRS 201.230	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 152,500.00	\$ 175,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Eluding (Felony) Cat. B	NRS 484B.550	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	N/A
Poss. Of CC w/o consent Cat. D	NRS 205.690	\$ 3,000.00	N/A	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 1,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	N/A	\$ 1,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,500.00	\$ 3,000.00	N/A
Gaming Fraud Cat. B	NRS 465.070	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 13,833.33	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 42,857.57	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery w/ DW Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,003.00	\$ 66,857.50	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Poss. Of Child Porn Cat. B	NRS 200.730	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 200,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 200,000.00	\$ 60,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Child Abuse Cat. B	NRS 200.508	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 5,500.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 2,503.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 35,786.14	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Child Abuse w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.508	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 5,500.00	\$ 75,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 2,503.00	\$ 2,503.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 116,600.60	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Embezzlement Cat. B	NRS 205.300	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 12,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00

OFFENSE	NRS	BEATTY JC	PAHRANAGAT VALLEY JC	WADSWORTH JC	MEADOW VALLEY JC	MOAPA JC	EUREKA JC	SEARCHLIGHT JC	LOW	HIGH	AVERAGE	MEDIAN	MODE
Burglary Cat. B	NRS 205.060	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 17,857.14	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Forgery Cat. D	NRS 205.090	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,857.14	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Grand Larceny Cat. B	NRS 205.222	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,357.14	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Grand Larceny of MV Cat. B	NRS 205.228	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,357.14	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Possession of CS Cat. E	NRS 453.336	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,714.29	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Transportation of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 17,142.86	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Possession of CS for Sales Cat. D	NRS 453.338	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 7,285.71	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Sale of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 17,142.86	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Trafficking 4-14 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 81,428.57	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Trafficking 14-28 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 92,857.14	\$ 30,000.00	N/A
Trafficking 28+ Cat. A	NRS 453.3385	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 75,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$131,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	N/A
Attempted Murder Cat. B	NRS 200.030	\$250,000.00	N/A	\$ 75,000.00	N/A	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$162,500.00	\$162,500.00	N/A
Voluntary Manslaughter Cat. B	NRS 200.050	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
BDW w/ SBH Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 23,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
BDW Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 2,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 18,400.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
ADW Cat. B	NRS 200.471	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 16,428.57	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Sexual Assault Cat. A	NRS 200.366	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 150,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 63,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
Sexual Assault w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.366	\$100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$120,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00
Statutory Sexual Seduction Cat. B	NRS 200.368	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 12,142.86	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Open or gross lewdness GM	NRS 201.210	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,000.00
Lewdness w/ child under 14 Cat. A	NRS 201.230	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	NO BAIL	\$ 40,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	SET IN COURT	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 85,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
Eluding (Felony) Cat. B	NRS 484B.550	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 13,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
Poss. Of CC w/o consent Cat. D	NRS 205.690	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,857.14	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Gaming Fraud Cat. B	NRS 465.070	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 11,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
Robbery Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 27,857.14	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery w/ DW Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 55,714.29	\$ 30,000.00	N/A
Poss. Of Child Porn Cat. B	NRS 200.730	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 23,571.43	\$ 20,000.00	N/A
Child Abuse Cat. B	NRS 200.508	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 23,857.14	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Child Abuse w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.508	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	NO BAIL	\$ 100,000.00	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 68,333.33	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00
Embezzlement Cat. B	NRS 205.300	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 6,071.43	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00

OFFENSE	NRS	BUNKERVILLE JC	BEOVAWE JC	ESMERALDA JC	AUSTIN JC	LOW	HIGH	AVERAGE	MEDIAN	MODE
Burglary Cat. B	NRS 205.060	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	N/A
Forgery Cat. D	NRS 205.090	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 4,333.33	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Grand Larceny Cat. B	NRS 205.222	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 11,875.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Grand Larceny of MV Cat. B	NRS 205.228	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 11,875.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Possession of CS Cat. E	NRS 453.336	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,750.00	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 10,000.00
Transportation of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 16,666.67	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Possession of CS for Sales Cat. D	NRS 453.338	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	N/A	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 9,333.33	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
Sale of CS Cat. B	NRS 453.321	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 16,666.67	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Trafficking 4-14 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 26,250.00	\$ 22,500.00	N/A
Trafficking 14-28 Cat. B	NRS 453.3385	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 55,000.00	\$ 62,500.00	\$ 75,000.00
Trafficking 28+ Cat. A	NRS 453.3385	SET IN COURT	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	N/A
Attempted Murder Cat. B	NRS 200.030	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Voluntary Manslaughter Cat. B	NRS 200.050	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 70,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
BDW w/ SBH Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 31,250.00	\$ 35,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
BDW Cat. B	NRS 200.481	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 28,750.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
ADW Cat. B	NRS 200.471	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 13,750.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Sexual Assault Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	\$ 150,000.00	N/A	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00
Sexual Assault w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.366	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	N/A	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Statutory Sexual Seduction Cat. B	NRS 200.368	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
Open or gross lewdness GM	NRS 201.210	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 4,250.00	\$ 3,500.00	\$ 5,000.00
Lewdness w/ child under 14 Cat. A	NRS 201.230	SET IN COURT	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 170,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 250,000.00
Eluding (Felony) Cat. B	NRS 484B.550	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	N/A
Poss. Of CC w/o consent Cat. D	NRS 205.690	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	N/A	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 4,000.00	N/A
Gaming Fraud Cat. B	NRS 465.070	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,833.33	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
Robbery Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Robbery w/ DW Cat. B	NRS 200.380	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	N/A	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 73,333.33	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Poss. Of Child Porn Cat. B	NRS 200.730	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 16,666.67	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Child Abuse Cat. B	NRS 200.508	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 56,250.00	\$ 60,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Child Abuse w/ SBH Cat. A	NRS 200.508	SET IN COURT	SET IN COURT	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 127,500.00	\$ 127,500.00	N/A
Embezzlement Cat. B	NRS 205.300	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	N/A	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 11,666.67	\$ 10,000.00	N/A

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Kentucky Rules of Criminal Procedure (RCr) Rule 4.08

RCr 4.08 Confidentiality of pre-trial services agency recordsCurrentness

Information supplied by a defendant to a representative of the pre-trial services agency during the defendant's initial interview or subsequent contacts, or information obtained by the pre-trial services agency as a result of the interview or subsequent contacts, shall be deemed confidential and shall not be subject to subpoena or to disclosure without the written consent of the defendant except in the following circumstances:

- (a) information relevant to the imposition of conditions of release shall be presented to the court on a standardized form when the court is considering what conditions of release to impose;
- (b) information furnished by the defendant to the pre-trial services agency and recorded on a completed interview form shall be furnished to law enforcement officials upon request if the defendant fails to appear in court when required;
- (c) information concerning compliance with any conditions of release imposed by the court shall be furnished to the court upon its request for consideration of modification of conditions of release or of sentencing or of probation;
- (d) information relevant to sentencing or probation shall be furnished to the court upon its request for consideration in imposing sentence or probation;
- (e) at its discretion, the court may permit the probation officer, for the purpose of preparing the pre-sentence investigation report, and the defense attorney to inspect the completed interview form;
- (f) any person conducting an evaluation of the pre-trial release program may have access to all completed interview forms upon order of the Supreme Court.
- (g) all information obtained from the defendant and all information provided to the court shall be provided to the defendant's attorney.
- (h) information relating to a defendant's status as a military veteran may be shared with the Department of Veterans Affairs in order to facilitate the provision of services available to the defendant.

At the beginning of the initial interview with a representative of the pretrial services agency, the defendant shall be advised of the above uses of information supplied by the defendant or obtained as a result of information supplied by the defendant.

Credits

HISTORY: Amended by Order 2012-10, eff. 1-1-13; prior amendments eff. 1-1-03 (Order 2002-1), eff. 3-1-99 (Order 98-3), 1-1-85 (Order 84-2), 11-1-78, 1-1-78, 6-19-76; adopted eff. 1-1-63

Rules Crim. Proc., Rule 4.08, KY ST RCRP Rule 4.08
Current with amendments received through May 1, 2016

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