

Data Source:¹ Agency data provided to Chapen Hall’s Center for State Child Welfare Data and available through the **Foster Care Data Archive (FCDA)** with a login and password. The FCDA has child level data about cases in foster care. You can explore entry cohorts (cases entering care in the same time period, like fiscal year 2022) or exit cohorts (all cases exiting care in a time period).

Placement

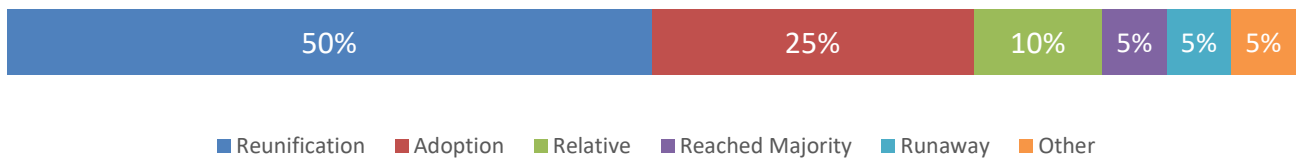
For children who exited foster care in 2024, 25% had 1 placement, 33% had 2 placements, 15% had three placements, and the remaining 27% had more than 3 placements.

First Placement of Child Entering Foster Care Between 2014 - 2024			
	Relative/Kin	Foster Care	Congregate Care
2017	32%	19%	36%
2018	43%	30%	13%
2019	45%	33%	11%
2020	39%	23%	23%
2021	40%	19%	27%
2022	40%	12%	31%
2023	38%	15%	31%
2024	38%	13%	35%

The predominant placement type of youth exiting care in 2024 was relative placement 50% followed by foster care 34%.

Case Outcomes

Child Welfare Outcomes For Classes Closed in 2024 (n=2825)



Short Stayers

For cases that entered care in 2024, how many exited care within 1 week or 30 days.

1 Week

3% of cases exited care within 1 week of entry

30 Days

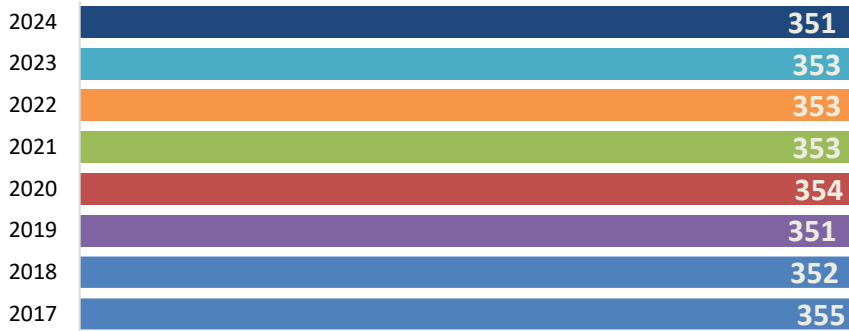
12% of cases exited care in one month

¹ All data in this data summary is data from the child welfare agency. Each page represents agency data available from different reports or data analysis platforms. The data source is discussed at the top of the page and then snippets of available data are reported.

Data Source: CFS 775 Report. The agency provides data to the CIP quarterly on timeliness of case processing for all the judicial districts.

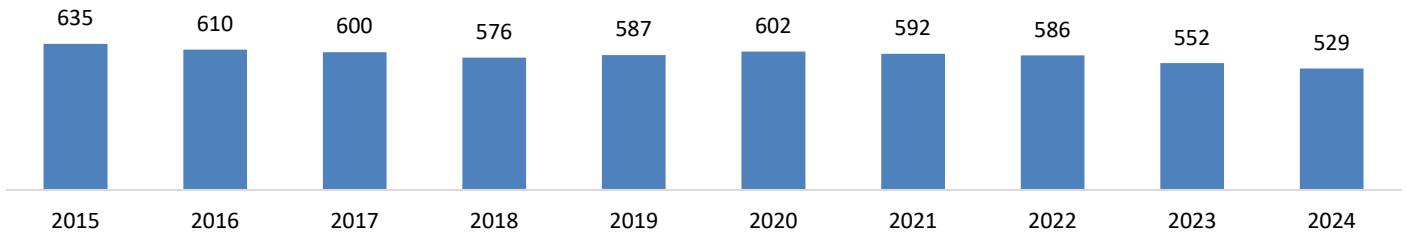
Timeliness Measures

Median Days to 1st Permanency Hearing



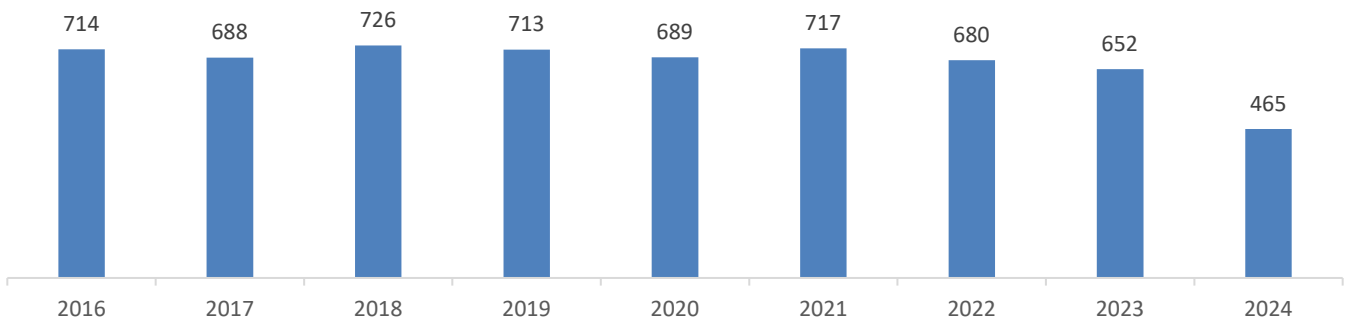
98.1% of 1st permanency hearings took place within 365 days of removal in 2024, compared to 86.5% in 2022

Time to Termination of Parental Rights 2015-2023

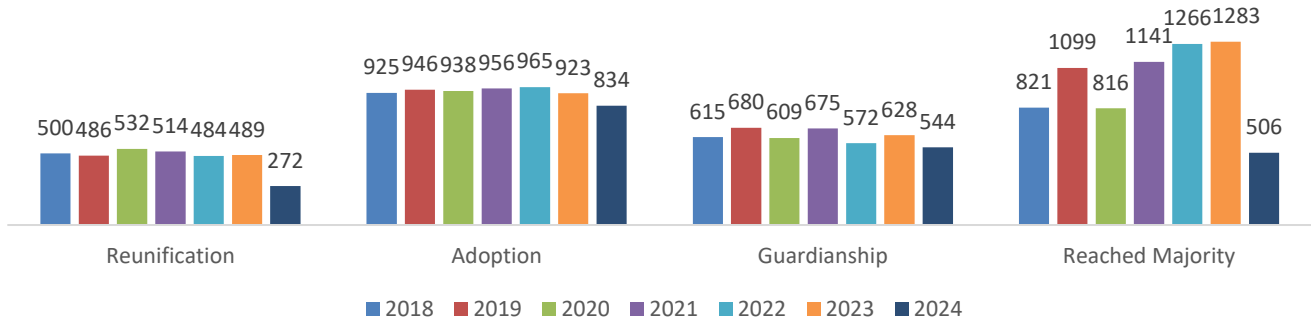


For cases that relinquished parental rights, time to relinquishment was a median of 612 days.

Median Time to Permanency 2016- 2024



Median Days to Case Closure (2018-2024)

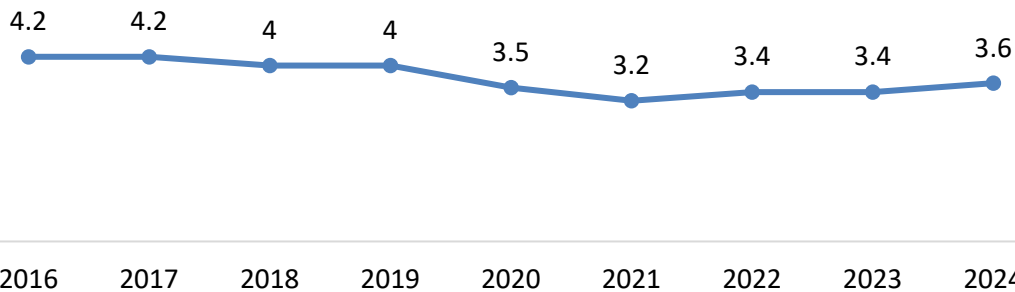


Data Source: CFSR Statewide Data Indicators. Periodically, approximately every 5-8 years, the Children’s Bureau assesses statewide child welfare practice through their Child and Family Services Review (CFSR) process. The CFSR process is meant to help ensure conformity with federal regulations, understand what is happening in practice currently, and build a plan to support enhanced practice going forward. Some of the assessment of how states are doing comes from statewide agency data. These data are reported to the Children’s Bureau biannually and then states are provided information (called their Statewide Data Indicators) to illustrate how they are performing on key measures. There are 5 permanency measures and 2 safety measures provided to the state. Contextual data also provides states with information on entry rates into foster care.

Cases Entering Care

This reflects the number of children who enter care per 1,000 children in the population. Of note, entries into care went down in 2020 (nationally as well as locally). Nevada’s entry rate is higher than the national average.

Entries Into Care Per 1,000 Children

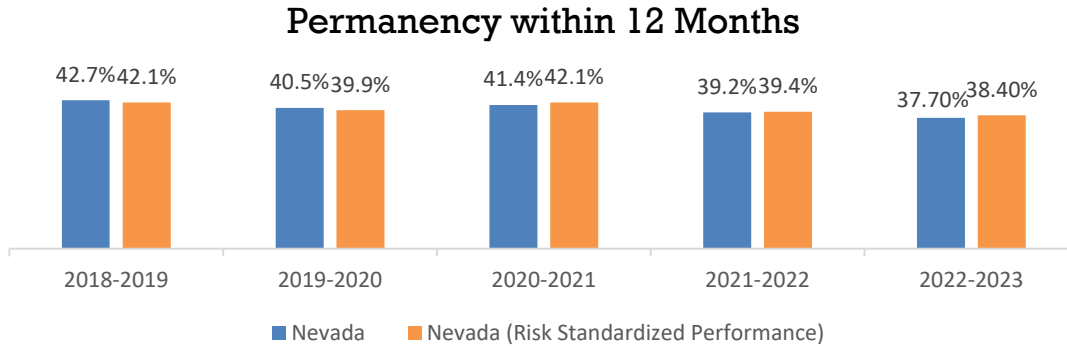


**Entries
(US)**

2.4 per 1,000
kids enter care

Permanency within 12 Months

Of children who enter care in a 12-month period, what percent discharged to permanency within 12 months of entering care? The statewide data is adjusted for risk-standardized performance. This is a risk adjustment that takes into account the children entering care (e.g., age range) so that comparisons can be made across states and comparisons are more “apples to apples” comparisons.



National Performance

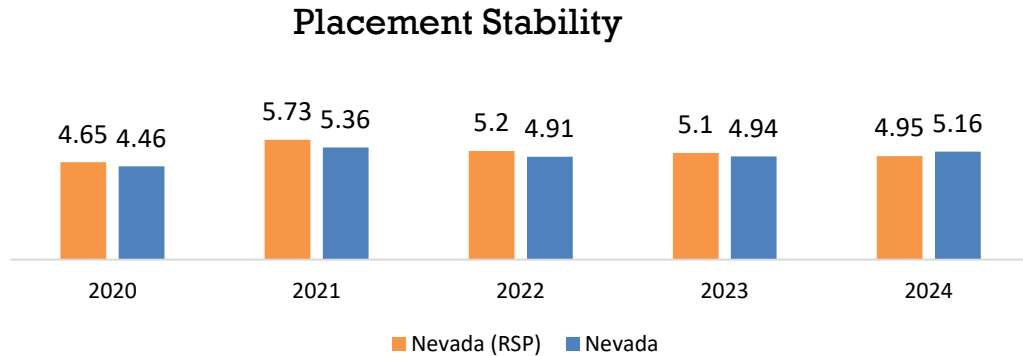
35.2%

Placement Stability

Of all children who enter care in a 12-month period, what was the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days of foster care?

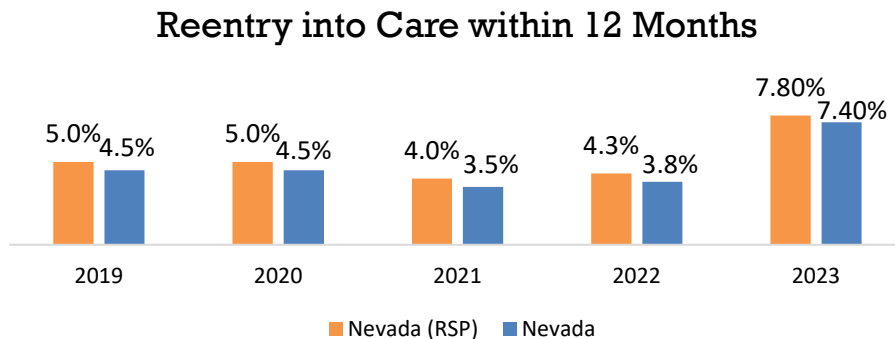
National Performance

4.48



Reentry into Care

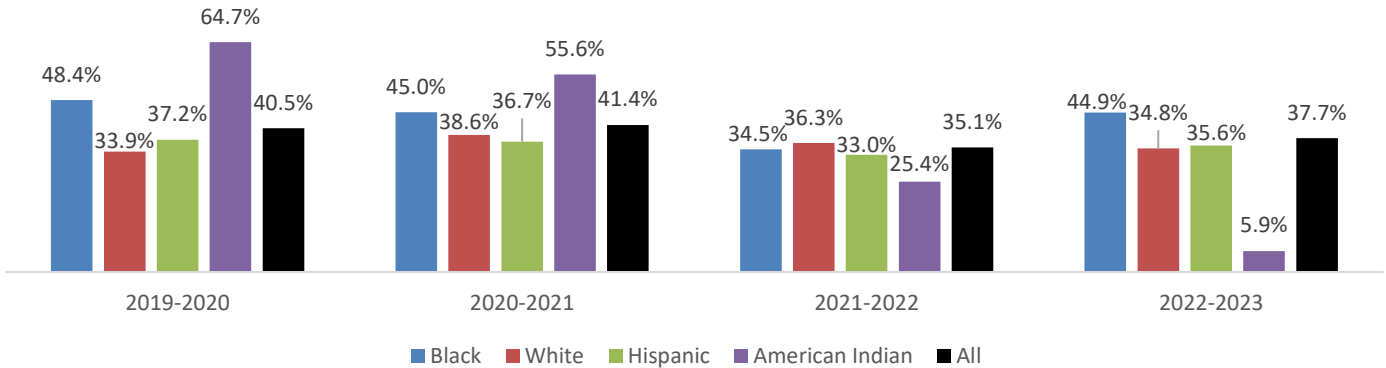
Of all children who exit foster care in a 12-month period to reunification, live with relative, or guardianship, what percent reentered care within 12 months of their discharge?



National Performance

5.6%

Achievement of Permanency in 12 Months (by Race/Ethnicity)



**Please note – only 1 of 17 American Indian youth exited care in 12 months in 2022-2023.*

Data Source: These data are derived from two sources. First, population data is derived from the Census estimates for child population in the state. Second, data from the Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) is used to explore entry, exit, and in care rates for the state. AFCARS data is data reported by the agency to the Children’s Bureau. It is publicly released but typically a year or two old.

Disproportionality

Disproportionality data compares the rate of children in the general population to the rate of youth entering foster care. Of note, Black/African American youth are overrepresented in care in Nevada at a rate that is 2.3 times their rate in the general population. For example, for entering care, 28% of the child welfare population is Black compared to 12% of the general population (28 divided by 12 = 2.3). These data are a good starting point to examine whether disparities exist in the system. **Black children have been overrepresented in care in Nevada at a rate more than twice their rate in the general population for more than a decade.**

Child Population Compared to Foster Care Entry Percentages

